...rugs, Medicines.

...JUNE 69.

...ASSORTMENT OF

...Family Medicines

...T MEDICINES,

...es for Medical Purposes, Pure

...voring Extracts, Dyes and

..., Soaps, Perfumes and

...Goods, Inks, Writ-

...Fluids and Sta-

..., Physician's Pre-

...and Family recipes

...t up. Physicians and coun-

...upplied at REDUCED RATES.

Horse Powder

...eapest for Horses, Cattle and

...rse Powders of approved makes.

...BER'S

...treet, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

...MES CRESS

...UGGIST,

...Building, Baltimore Street.,

...LESTOWN.

...ed a new DRUG STORE and ...the best style, I offer my stock ...Drugs to the citizens of Littles... ...at the lowest market rates, con...

...ly Medicines, pure Liquors for ...al Purposes, Patent Medi...

...Horse Powders,

...s and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery ...Fancy articles. A full assort ...Stationery of all kinds, Cigars

...tro-Magnetic Soap will ...water, cold or warm. Clothes ...oap are made beautifully white ...bluening. This is the best Soap ...is warranted not to injure the

JAMES CRESS.

...y 13.—1y

...BUEHLER,

...BOOK STORE,

...TTYSBURG, PA.

...tion of Work executed in ...st style of the Art.

ALL KINDS OF

...OUGHT AND WIRE

...ILINGS,

...THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

...ETTYSBURG

...LE WORKS.

...S & BROTHER,

...second Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

...repared to furnish all kinds of ...n their line, such as

...ts, Head-Stones,

..., MANTLES, &c.,

...ice—cheap as the cheapest.

...ll. Produce taken in exchange.

...CUCUMBER WOOD

M P ! !

...ns why this is the best Pump ...ctured in America for

...AND CISTERNS.

...2. It is Reliable. 3. It is Durable. ...y Easily. 5. It throws Water ...It is all Wood. 7. The Wood ...8. It does not Crack in ...9. It is not liable to get ...order. 10. Should any ...be necessary in time, ...an easily be made by ...person. 11. It will ...freeze. 12. It is ...eaper than any ...other reliable ...Pump manu-...factured.

...uble Acting Glass Cylinder

CE PUMP,

...der, and hence no rust and little ...easiest freeze—and admirably ...aking Gardens, Washing Win...ing Fires, Elevating Water, &c., ...without an equal for durability. ...venience.

...ed the exclusive right for Ad...ons requiring Pumps for wells ...ave them furnished all complete ...the best style, in the middle of the ...Satisfaction guaranteed in all ...ases required.

...or otherwise promptly attended

JOSEPH KUNKLE.

...ghtstown, Adams County, Pa.

...1y

TO THE

...ING CLASS.

...ENDLE.—We are prepared to ...e with Constant Employment, at ...or part of the time. Business ...and very profitable. Persons of ...ears from $5 to $5 per evening, ...ear amount by devoting their ...r business. Boys and girls earn ...a most as rapidly as men. Any one send ...instructions is certain to make ...ey you must test the business, we ...ay, small, our FULL INSTRUC...O COMMENCE, also a Valuable ...of Goods. Those already start...$5 per week devoting 4 to 5 hours ...TRIAL NEEDED to start busi...ess for all localities. If you want ...ofessional and large returns, send ...M. YOUNG & CO., 56 Fulton St., ...Dec. 5, 1870.—3m*

PUBLISHED FRIDAY MORNING

BY

BUEHLER & CO.,

Baltimore st. between Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXXI. NO. 14 GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1871. WHOLE NO. 3654.

Professional Cards, &c.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care. Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court-house. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square. May 29, 1867—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug Store, Chambersburg street. Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to. Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States. June 18, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business trusted to his care. Office between Fahnestocks' and Danner & Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 26, '71—tf

JOHN C ZOUCK, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Collector of Book Accounts, Promissory Notes, Judgment Notes, Mortgages, &c., and prompt returns made. Also attends to writing Deeds, Mortgages, Judgments, Notes, Agreements, &c. New Oxford, Adams county, Pa. Dec. 9, 1870.—3m*

WM. M'CLEAN. H. B. WOODS.

M'CLEAN & WOODS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.

OFFICE—On Baltimore Street, same heretofore occupied by the late firm of M. & W. McClean. Nov. 15, 1870.—tf

D. H. S. HUBER. South-east corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, opposite Col. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL. June 11, 1869—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTIST, Office on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the EAGLE HOTEL, Gettysburg, Pa. ☞ Having been in constant practice over 20 years patients can be assured of good work. July 5, 1867—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, DENTIST. Having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in the old "*Sentinel*" office, S. E. corner, Centre Square, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. July 30, 1869—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Corner of Chambersburg and Washington Sts

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞ An Omnibus for Passengers and Baggage run to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Railroad Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges. [May 29, 1867.—tf

KEYSTONE HOTEL,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please.—This Hotel now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 23, 1867—tf

UNION HOTEL,

[FORMERLY THE WHITE HALL.]

YORK SPRINGS, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has leased this long established and popular Hotel, in Petersburg, (York Springs Borough.) The Hotel is pleasantly located in the most business part of the town. His table will be supplied with the best that the market can afford and the Bar with the choicest Liquors. There is also excellent Stabling, with attentive hostlers. This Hotel is the office of the Gettysburg and Mechanicsburg Stage Line, also the York Springs and New Oxford line. The former arrives here at 1 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from Mechanicsburg or Gettysburg; returning at 9 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The York Springs line leaves the Hotel daily at 6 A. M., for New Oxford, returning at 4 P. M. He feels satisfied that his long experience in business will enable him to let none go away dissatisfied, who may patronize him. Charges moderate. Boarders taken by the week on reasonable terms.

E. F. KITTINGER, *Proprietor.*

York Springs, Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenters and Contractors.

DOORS, SHUTTERS,

BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES,

CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW

BRACKETS, &C.,

Constantly on hand, and manufactured to order out of the

BEST MATERIALS,

by experienced workmen, and at

REASONABLE PRICES.

☞ Orders promptly attended to

January 13, 1869—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Carpenter and Contractor,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has removed to his New Shop, on Stratton street between York and Railroad streets, and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing buildings, at as reasonable rates as any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be of best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business merit public patronage. Give him a call.

April 9, 1869—tf

Groceries.

NEW GROCERY.

JESSE M. WALTER

HAS opened a new Grocery Store, adjoining his residence on York street, and will always keep on hand

PRIME GROCERIES

of all kinds—Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Syrup, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Pepper, Spices, &c. Also, Confections, Fruits, Nuts, Soaps, and Notions generally. He has now on hand a fine lot of HAMS for family use.

☞ All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine,

THE HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR

BUTTER & EGGS.

Gettysburg, Sept. 30, 1870.—tf

NEW GROCERY.

HAVING purchased from Mr. AMOS ECKERT his Grocery establishment, on the Northwest corner of Centre Square, GETTYSBURG, PA., and laid in a new stock of Goods, I respectfully invite my friends and the public to give me a call. In addition to a large and varied stock of prime

Groceries, Notions, &c.,

I will keep constantly on hand the best quality of

Queensware, Fire-Proof and Glassware,

Fruits, Confections, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates.

H. H. BEAMER.

June 24, 1870.—tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

Also Stone, Wooden and Willow-ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in A FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867—tf

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail dealer in

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

A large lot of GROCERIES that I am selling Cheap for Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

Old Rye Whiskey eight years old.

Very old French Brandy.

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which are Mishler's Herb Bitters.

PURE LIQUORS for Medical purposes, at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

TABLE CUTLERY, Glass-ware, Queensware, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S. April 30, 1869—tf

Carriages, Harness, &c.

D. MCCREARY. J. F. MCCREARY

"BEST ALWAYS CHEAPEST."

The Best and Cheapest,

Saddles, Bridles, Collars

and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(MCCREARY'S.)

OUR RIDING and WAGON SADDLES, are the most durable, both well and neatest.

OUR HARNESS, (plain and silver mounted,) are complete in every respect and warranted of the very best materials and workmanship.

OUR UPPER LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS, can not be beat. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, LASHES, DRAFT Hames, Fly-nets and everything. *None better or OUR PRICES*

have been reduced to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞ Give us a call and examine *prices and quality.*

Jan. 20, 1868—tf D. MCCREARY & SON.

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALL-ING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits a call, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.

July 1, 1868—ly W. K. GALLAGHER.

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

PATENT ELASTIC CORK

HORSE COLLARS.

THE undersigned has for sale these CELEBRATED COLLARS, manufactured by Haney & Berry, Philadelphia, which are now used by all the City Passenger Railroad Companies for the protection of their stock. They are lighter in weight, absorb no moisture, and do not heat. The Cork with which they are stuffed being very elastic, the Collar adjusts to the shape of the animal, and consequently does not chafe. Farmers, try them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order. Call at my establishment on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa., adjoining Passenger Depot.

May 20, 1870—tf JOHN CULP.

CARRIAGE-MAKING.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

Carriage-Making usi ness,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they has again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ *REPAIRING* ☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old PLANKS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share the future.

May 22, 1867—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Business Cards.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

Gas Fitter, Plumber and Bell Hanger,

Can be found at his residence on corner of East Middle and Stratton streets,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Will promptly attend to all orders in his line.—Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stops, Tops and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [April 29, 1870—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,

Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

All kinds of

CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c.,

constantly baked and always to be had fresh.

With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.

April 9, 1869—tf BALTZER NEWPORT.

PRIME OYSTERS

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa., next door to Eagle Hotel,

Has always on hand the very

BEST OYSTERS,

which can be commanded in the market, which will be served up in any style desired. He has special accommodations for LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. Give him a call.

☞ Also, always on hand a large assortment of Confections, Cakes, Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Toys, &c. Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for covering

SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate. Dec. 11—tf

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.

REPAIRING of all kinds. Give us a Call.

April 30, 1869—tf

COOPERING.

PETER CULP

Has commenced the

COOPERING BUSINESS

in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of

MEAT VESSELS, CROUT STANDS, PICKEL STANDS, TUBS, FLOUR BARRELS.

I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call. [Aug. 13, 1869—tf

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of

White Oak, Pine, Hemlock,

or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures

Shingles, Pailings, &c.

LUMBER

delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES.—3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.

All letters should be addressed to him at Graefenburg P. O., Adams county, Pa.

HENRY MILTENBERGER.

Oct. 29, 1869—tf

GUNSMITHING!

BATTLE-FIELD RELICS!

Canes, Shells, Bullets!

E. WOODWARD

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large assortment of Relics gathered on the Gettysburg Battle-field.

Gunsmithing attended to with promptness and all work warranted.

Give us a call at our place of business on Carlisle Street, (McConaughy's Hall,) near the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa. [July 30, 1870.—tf

GRANITE YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.

PETER BEITLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—

Curbing, Sills, Steps,

ASHLERS, POSTS, MONUMENTS, CEMETERY BLOCKS, &C., &C.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to. June 8—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

UNDERTAKER

AND PAPER-HANGER,

is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms,

COFFINS of all Styles.

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

Frame and Fancy Signs Furnishing executed on short notice.

☞ York street, a few doors east of Lutheran Church. May 27, 1868—tf

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

Fahnestock Brothers.

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

Dry Goods, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE, CARPET,

Groceries, Cedarware,

IRON, PAINTS, &c.

FURS are cheap this season at Fahnestock's.

DRESS GOODS—all the new styles and in every variety at Fahnestock's.

COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS and NEEDLE-WORK—the largest stock ever in town at Fahnestock's.

SHAWLS of all kinds and prices at Fahnestock's.

CHRISTMAS GOODS at Fahnestock's.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c., latest style at Fahnestock's.

CALICOS—best at 12½ cents at Fahnestock's.

WATER-PROOF CLOTH from $1.00 yard up at Fahnestock's.

RIBBONS and DRESS TRIMMINGS at Fahnestock's.

GLOVES in large assortment at Fahnestock's.

Nov. 18, 1870—tf

J. L. SCHICK,

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

that has been brought to Gettysburg this Spring which will be sold at the owest possible rates.

May 6, 1870—tf.

NEW FIRM.

REBERT & BUSHMAN.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Glassware, &c.

THE firm of Rebert & Elliott having been dissolved, it is succeeded by REBERT & BUSHMAN, who will continue the Mercantile business at the old stand, on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house, Gettysburg. The junior partner has for years been employed as salesman in the store of J. L. Schick, and therefore brings to the new position an experience in the business possessed by few.

The stock now offered, owing to large additions of the newest and latest styles and patterns of Goods, is one of rare attractiveness, and cannot fail to please, whilst their prices, having bought to the best advantage, will also be found satisfactory. The inducements they offer cannot be excelled in the town or county. They make a specialty of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

an invite attention to the assortment they now offer, promising at the same time to continue it up to the highest standard.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

they offer a large and varied stock, and feel certain that all who come can be suited in goods and price.

DOMESTICS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, &c., &c., will always be found in full variety, with the best choices offered in buyers.

Everything possible will be done to render satisfaction, and to earn a liberal share of public patronage, which they respectfully solicit.

ADAM REBERT.

JOHN H. BUSHMAN.

NEW Fall and Winter Goods

AT GRIEST & BOWERS,

York Springs, Pa.

MOTTO—"Quick Sales, Small Profits and Quick Returns."

THE undersigned, having just returned from the city of Philadelphia, offer the citizens of York Springs and elsewhere, a well selected STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Paints, Oil Cloths, &c., &c. We offer as specialities, at great reduced prices, LADIES' FURS, DRESS GOODS and WOOLEN HOSIERY.

Please remember that cash brings better bargains than long credits, and frequent settlements make long friends.

We have a large lot of ready-made OVERCOATS, made to order, suitable for this vicinity, which will be sold at the lowest prices possible.

Thankful for past favors, and with attention to business and a desire to please, we solicit a continuance of public patronage.

GRIEST & BOWERS.

Oct. 28, 1870.—tf

T. R. COVER. A. RAFFENSPERGER.

NEW FIRM.

ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm name of COVER & RAFFENSPERGER, call the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their splendid assortment of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Queensware,

all of which have been purchased in a falling market for cash, and which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest figures. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ A lot of good Rags for sale.

TOBIAS E. COVER.

A. RAFFENSPERGER.

Arendtsville, Pa., April 15, 1870.—tf

Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!!

NEW FIRM!

GEO. B. STOVER & THAD. S. WIBLE,

HAVING entered into partnership in the Butchering Business, will carry it on in all branches. All kinds of

Fresh Meat Every Day.

Next every Tuesday and Saturday morning Beef, Sheep, Hogs, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings.

Shop and stand at Geo. B. Stover's residence on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Those having fat stock for sale will find it their advantage to call on or address the new Firm. STOVER & WIBLE.

Aug. 15, 1869—tf

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Physician of this celebrated Institution, has discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE,

Weakness of the Back, or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys, or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight, or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—SECRET and solitary practices, more fatal to their victims, than the songs of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes, or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency,) Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other disqualification, speedily relieved.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidentially rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,

Immediately Cured, and Full Vigor Restored.

This distressing affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences.—Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny, that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those failing into improper habits, than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, and Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

Relief in Six Hours! No Mercury!

Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders, and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately to

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London. Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed to despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease makes their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to that undiscovered country, "from whence no traveler returns."

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through falling into the hands of Ignorant or Unskillful PRETENDERS, who by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer months after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life, Vigor and happiness, in despair leave him with ruined Health, to sign over his gulling disappointment.

To such, therefore, Dr JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, at Ireland, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most Speedy, Certain and Effectual Remedy in the World for all diseases of Imprudence.

DR. JOHNSTON,

OFFICE, 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe the name and number.

☞ No letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

There are so many Quacks, Designing and Worthless Impostors advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his Credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this establishment, year after year, and the numerous Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

March 11, 1870—1y1pr

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of Hardware and Groceries, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Tools, Coach Findings, Shoe Findings, Cabinet-Maker's Tools, Housekeeper's Fixtures, All kinds of Iron, &c., &c., &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had in this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the City. DAVID ZIEGLER.

May 29, 1867—tf JOEL B. DANNER.

NEW STORE!

SWEITZER & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hardware and Groceries,

Carlisle St., near the Railroad, Gettysburg.

HARDWARE—Includes Builders' Hardware generally. Nails, Locks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c. We call the attention of Blacksmiths to our assortment of Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c.

HOUSE KEEPERS are invited to examine our stock of Knives, Forks, Spoons, Buckets, Tubs, &c., &c.

GROCERIES, such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Syrups, Vinegar, Soaps, &c., all of which we will constantly keep on hand. All sold low for cash.

Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget to call and examine our stock of goods.

SWEITZER & BRO.

Oct. 7, 1870—tf

Book and Job Printing

OF ALL KINDS

Done with neatness, cheapness and dispatch at

The Star and Sentinel Office.

The Star and Sentinel.

OUT IN THE COLD.

With blue cold hand and stockingless feet,
Wandered a child in the cheerless street;
Children were many, who, housed and fed,
Lovingly nestled, dreaming in bed—
Caroled their joy in a land of bliss,
Without a thought or care of this;
They were warm in humanity's fold,
But this little child was out in the cold—
Out in the cold.

Bleak blew the wind through the cheerless sleet,
Dashing along the merciless street,
All furred and shawled, man, woman and child,
Hurried along, for the storm grew wild;
They could not hear the feicle's blast,
Winter so rude on their pathway cast,
Alas: none pitied—no one consoled
The little wanderer out in the cold—
Out in the cold.

She had no father, she had no mother,
Sisters none, and never a brother;
They had passed on to the star-world above—
She remained here, with nothing to love,
"Nothing to love"—O! men did not know
What wealth of joy that child could bestow,
So they went by and worshipped their gold,
Leaving the little one out in the cold—
Out in the cold.

Wandered she on till the shades of night
Veiled her shivering form from sight;
Then, with cold hands over her breast,
She prayed to her Father in Heaven for rest,
When hours had fled, 'neath the world's dark frown,
Hungered and chilled, she laid herself down:
Lay down to rest, while the wealthy rolled
In carriages past her, out in the cold—
Out in the cold.

Out in the cold—lo! an angel form
Brought her white robes that were rich and warm:
Out in the cold, on the sleeping child
The sainted face of a mother smiled:
A sister pressed on her brow a kiss—
Led her 'mid scenes of heavenly bliss:
And angels gathered into their fold,
That night the little one out of the cold—
Out of the cold.

[From London Bow Bells.

JOHN RANDALL'S TROUBLE.

"Will you let me have it, John?"

"No, Georgy, I can't."

John Randall uttered his refusal of his wife's request very decidedly as if he felt the request was unreasonable, and yet there was an under current of grieved impatience in his voice, a look of perplexity and self dissatisfaction in his eyes. He wanted to see his wife rise from the breakfast table, and thereby signifying her acquiescence in his decision, before he went off for his morning walk at the mill.

Georgy, however, did not rise. Her looks did not express acquiescence. She was a pretty woman—very pretty; tall, slight, very fair, with large, clear, steady eyes, and profuse brown hair. Besides her beauty, she had an air of delicate, graceful composure rather peculiar, and a voice that suggested alto flute-notes. For all this, she was simply the wife of a master machinist in the great Haliburton Print works, of Millville, and mistress of one of the small, white, factory tenements, whose long, orderly rows constituted Millville proper.

But Georgy did not belong to the factory element, although she had married into it. She had been brought up by a relative, upon whom she had been left dependent, and whom she called Aunt Appleton.

Aunt Appleton lived at the other end of Appleton—the west end—among the Haliburtons, the Dilloways, and the Veres.

Perhaps, under the circumstances, Georgy might have looked a little higher than John Randall. But then John was as good as gold; strong, steady, manly, true.

Aunt Appleton's pretty protege had the sense to rejoice at her perception, and the generosity to give her a liberal outfit—her furniture, a complete wardrobe, a nice wedding.

It had been very agreeable to Georgy to have these things. She was fastidious to the core. She enjoyed advantages of position—her good clothes, her prestige among the wives of the other officials to the Print Works. She was fastidious—perhaps a little too fastidious for her place.

John Randall had reached his last button—a somewhat shiny button on a somewhat shabby coat. He had neither time nor pretext for lingering. At this last moment his wife raised her eyes, clearly, unflinchingly to his face.

"Why not?" she asked, in her cold, sweet voice.

It is never pleasant for a man to be called to an account—to an account about money—and of course it was money Georgy wanted—by a woman, and that woman his wife. John's face flushed a little; a hot retort pricked the very tip of his tongue, but he did not utter it. He was a patient man naturally; and then he had that deep, sure love for his pretty wife which overreaches all slight shocks.

"I have exceeded my salary every month since we were married, Georgy," he said. "The first of January will be here in a few weeks, and I shall not be able to meet all the bills that are due. I don't feel that we ought to trifle away a penny of money. I don't believe you do either."

"I shall say no more about it," she returned. "I ought to wear a new pair of gloves to call on Paul's bride. But if you can't give them to me I must do without them."

John Randall's brain was fine enough to understand that this was not the acquiescence he wanted. He would have liked to indulge her, but there was the fact, that if he begun it, he should be always behind hand, always poor.

This was his fact. Georgy had here also—that she was always denied and disappointed. She didn't mind so much wearing the old gloves on this particular occasion, that which troubled her, which was wedging itself painfully into her convictions, was that she would have to give up all the little luxuries and elegancies that she craved; that her future was to be a plain matter of fact routine, deprived of those gratifications in whose absence she felt a sort of moral starvation.

"It don't seem as if you ought to be disappointed, Georgy," said the husband, finely. "You know just what my salary is, and just how far it will go. We used to talk about saving something every year, so that I might better myself one of these days. I don't like to deny you."

"Never mind," she said, rising.

She was one of those women who say too little, rather than too much.

John

The Star and Sentinel.

FRIDAY MORNING, Feb. 24, 1871.

D. A. BUEHLER, Editor and Business Agent.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

LEGISLATIVE.

The Legislature adjourned over on Friday to Monday the 27th inst., taking a ten days recess. Before the adjournment Mr. Hereter read in place an Act granting annuities and gratuities to Barney Bigham and Michael Lauver, soldiers of the war of 1812; also a supplement to the act incorporating the Littlestown Fire Insurance Company.

The bill in regard to huckstering in Adams county was reported from the committee with a negative recommendation.

The bill in regard to collecting tolls on the Gettysburg & York turnpike was also reported with a negative recommendation.

Mr. Duncan read in place an act to incorporate the Bendersville railroad company, for the construction of a railroad from some point near Gettysburg, through the valley of Conowago and Opossum creek, to Bendersville, Adams county, and the iron mines in the vicinity. What is under cover of the act does not appear, as the journal does not report the names of the corporators. As we have heard of no agitation of the project in this quarter, it looks as if some person was anxious to occupy the ground, in view of possible future contingencies. The people of Bendersville would be glad to hear that somebody is in earnest in this movement.

Petitions in favor of the "local option" bill are presented in unprecedented numbers. It is estimated that the petitions already on file have over 100,000 signatures. The House made the bill the special order for March 1. Bills are also pending in the House to compensate persons injured in person or otherwise by the sale or giving away of intoxicating liquors, and to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on election day, both of which were made the special order for March 1.

Mr. Buckalew is vigorously pressing his cumulative voting principle. *He*, at least, is honest in its maintenance and in favor of applying it irrespective of partizan majorities. Having successfully put through the Senate his bill for the election of School Directors on that basis, he has introduced two other bills —one to apply the system of cumulative voting in municipal elections generally, and the other in elections for County Commissioners and County Auditors.

On Friday, Mr. Buckalew, from the Committee on Constitutional Reform, reported a new bill for a Convention to revise the Constitution. It provides that the question of calling a convention to revise and amend the constitution shall be submitted to the people for their decision on the second Tuesday of June next, at which time also members for the proposed convention be voted for; and if a majority of the legal voters shall be in favor of a convention, then the members chosen shall meet in the hall of the House at Harrisburg, at noon on the second Tuesday of September next, and proceed to business, with general powers of adjournment as to time and place, and with authority to prepare and submit to the people all such changes and amendments of the constitution as they shall think proper.

Mr. Buckalew's bill disregards the present legislative and senatorial districts in the State, in arranging the election of members of the convention. Thirty-two members are to be elected at large, each voter, however, only to vote for 16. The balance of the members are to be elected in districts indicated by the bill, which seems to be prepared, with a desire to secure a Democratic majority. Thus, Somerset, Fulton and Bedford are given 2; Franklin and Cumberland get 3; while Adams is handed over to York, the two getting 3 members. The great difficulty will be to get a Bill, on an apportionment satisfactory to both parties. As the Senate is Democratic and the House Republican, there must be mutual concession, or the movement will fail. And just here lies the danger. The enemies of Constitutional Reform, under the guise of professed friendship, will work to prevent agreement on any reasonable bill.

On Friday Mr. Osterhout introduced a bill in the Senate to create a Court of Appeals for the State, with three Judges to hold office 15 years, to take exclusive jurisdiction of appeals, certioraris, &c., in Equity practice, and requiring certain proceedings now commenced in common pleas to be originated and prosecuted on the equity side of the inferior courts. This Court of Appeals to be distinct from and additional to the present Supreme Court. The bill is not likely to go through.

The Senate finally declined to accede to the House resolution for a recess to Monday the 27th, and adjourned to Thursday the 23rd. The House, however, adjourned over to the 27th.

A bill was reported in the Senate authorizing the Pa. Railroad Company to purchase the York, Wrightsville and Gettysburg Railroad, with the bridge across the Susquehanna at Columbia, in which the Pa. Railroad company has now a controlling interest. It has no reference to the Gettysburg Railroad, purchased by Maltby & Co.

THERE is no back down in Gen. Frank Blair. He made a speech in the U. States Senate last week, maintaining the correctness of his celebrated Broadhead letter, which did the Democratic party so much damage the last Presidential campaign. Frank insists that the party would have "won" on that programme, but they saw fit to dodge the real issues, and by a chicken-hearted policy lost the prize. He is still for war—wants the reconstruction policy of Congress ripped up—don't believe in giving a burial, decent or indecent, to "dead issues." His speech will make a good Republican campaign document, quite as effective as his Broadhead letter.

IT has been stated that Rev. Father Farrel, of St. Joseph's Catholic church New York, had been removed by the Archbishop because of his opposition to the dogma of Papal infallibility and his letter in favor of Italian unity. The N. York *Tribune* says that after confidential interviews between the Archbishop and Father Farrell, the latter has been unconditionally restored to the pastorship of St. Joseph's church, "without involving any formal recantation on the part of the latter of his views on Italian liberty."

THE term of Hon. Christian S. Eyster, as Associate Justice of Colorado Territory, will expire in March, and a successor has been nominated and confirmed by the Senate. Mr. E. is a native of Chambersburg.

THE movments of the French Assembly now in session at Bordeaux, indicate a sound, sensible and patriotic policy, and augur favorably for the future. Mr. Grevy, a moderate, prudent Republican, has been elected President of the Assembly with much unanimity, and M. Thiers Executive of the Provisional Government. M. Thiers is probably the ablest and most experienced statesmen in France, besides having a high reputation as historian and scholar. He is 74 years of age, has passed nearly half a century in active political life, and has an eminent and wide-spread reputation for ability and conscientiousness in the discharge of all the public duties entrusted to him, which have been many and difficult. His election will give general faith in the wisdom and discretion of the Assembly. In 1838 he resigned his position as the Premier of King Louis Phillippe's Cabinet, and since then has mainly occupied himself with literary labors, although in 1851 he was engaged in schemes for the overthrow of Napoleon and the restoration of the Orleans dynasty. He was one of the few Frenchmen who regarded Louis Napoleon's declaration of war against Germany uncalled for, and foreseeing the consequences, he denounced it in the Corps Legislatif as a crime against France. His counsels, however, were not only unheeded, but an excited mob attacked his residence next day. It is thought, that he still retains his preferences for the Orleanist dynasty.

M. Thiers has surrounded himself with a strong and prudent ministry, representing the more conservative Republicans, chief among them being Jules Favre who, since the fall of the empire, has been at the head of the Paris Government. Picard, Simon, Dufavre, Le Flo, Pothuan and Lambrecht are the other members. Gambetta, Rochefort, and the revolutionary element generally, are ignored, and herein we have at least a hopeful aspect for the future of France—provided, always, that the real statesmen of France can manage to sustain themselves as against the mob.

The Provisional Government thus constituted, will negotiate with Germany terms of Peace; after which the National Assembly will either declare the future form of government, or submit to a popular vote the question of a Republic or Monarchy. Although Gambetta and his colleagues will oppose any negotiations looking to the transfer of territory to Germany, the general impression is that Thiers and Favre want Peace on the best terms that can be secured—but Peace at any price. Dispatches from Bordeaux indicate the re-establishment of the monarchy, under one or other of the Orleanist Princes.

M. Thiers addressed the National Assembly on Saturday, urging the necessity of peace, to enable France to restore and reorganize her suffering interests. The terms of peace would be encouragously discussed with the Prussians, and would only be accepted if consistent with the honor of France. He requested the appointment of 15 members to aid in the negotiations, which the Assembly acceded to. Thiers and Favre left Bordeaux for Paris, to begin the negotiations. Despatches renew the statement that the German ultimatum is the cession of Alsace, and a part of Lorraine, including Metz, Thionville, and Belfort, besides a heavy pecuniary indemnity. Confidence in peace is still maintained.

THE great "strike" throughout the Pennsylvania anthracite coal regions has assumed a new phase. The "Workingmen's Benevolent Association," a legislative body representing the miners in the coal regions, and which, with despotic power, has for years been prescribing the terms under which its membership shall work and when not to work—undertook in November last to dictate terms to the coal operators, which the latter declined to accede to because of the fall in price of coal and their alleged inability to pay the wages demanded. Thereupon the Association ordered a "strike" throughout Schuylkill, Luzerne and other coal counties, to prevent further production of coal until the market should be depleted, prices advanced, and the operators be forced to terms. Finally, the Association agreed that its members might go to work on the 15th of February, in all mines where the operators were willing to pay the prescribed wages. Coal having advanced in price, a few of the operators agreed to give the stipulated wages rather than have their works continue idle. Just at this stage an unexpected move took place on the chessboard. The Lehigh valley, Reading and other great coal-carrying roads, having suffered largely by these "strikes" and being determined to break the power of the Association, at once put up the tolls from $2.75 to $7.10 per ton, until further notice. This is virtually laying an embargo on the few operators who had determined to go to work, as no coal can be shipped to market at those rates. The "dead-lock" is now complete. The idea of these companies is to force the miners' Association to terms. President McGowan, of the Reading road, says his company represents a capital of $80,000,000, which has hitherto been at the mercy of the few irresponsible men who rule the Association and they will no longer submit to have their interests thus trifled with. Whenever the miners and operators agree to an equitable basis that will justify a general resumption of coal operations, and guard against future unreasonable strikes, the railroad companies will put down tolls to a fair schedule.—It looks much as if the Association will have to succumb.

SERIOUS difficulties exist in Arkansas, growing out of a political quarrel between Gov. Clayton and Lieutenant Governor Johnson. The House is with the latter, and has undertaken to suspend the former by preferring articles of impeachment against him at the bar of the Senate. The Senate sustains the Governor, and refuses to go into a trial. Johnson holds that Clayton was suspended by the simple filing of articles of impeachment, and claims to exercise the office of Governor. Clayton refuses to surrender and keeps his office guarded. Chief Justice McClure undertook to interpose against Johnson, when the House replied by impeaching the Chief Justice also. We do not understand the origin of the difficulty, but it looks as if it was a fight of factions for power. Both sides, at last accounts, were threatening to call out the militia, and a serious out-break was apprehended. President Grant has telegraphed to the commander of the forces at Little Rock to preserve the peace.

THE steamer Tennessee, carrying the San Domingo commissioners, in regard to whose safety apprehensions were felt, has been heard from, having reached Samana Bay in due time, after a rapid and pleasant voyage. The commissioners went promptly to work, had an interview with President Baez, and were preparing to explore the island.

THE capital of the nation has just been making itself ridiculous, by an attempt to ape the silly customs of some European capitals. For some time past great preparations have been in progress at Washington for a "grand carnival," and the coming event was heralded with imposing programme. The city authorities fell in with the movement, and ordered Pennsylvania Avenue, from the capital grounds to the Treasury Buildings, to be given up for the show, which opened on Monday and continued over Tuesday—the programme consisting of racing, trotting, sack races, wheel-barrow performances, masquerades, tournaments, fire-works, &c. The first day drew a large crowd of strangers; but the show was so decided a failure, that the denizens of Washington had the "carnival" pretty much to themselves on Tuesday. Congress, we are glad to notice, gave the thing a cold shoulder, meeting as usual and attending to their legitimate business.

A MAN went into the New York house of representatives the other day and tried to bribe a member with the paltry sum of twenty dollars. The speaker very promptly ordered his arrest and expulsion, on the ground that the fellow was insane. The point may have been well taken at Albany, where, under the lavish administration of Jim Fisk and the Tammany ring, $20 may be regarded a "paltry sum," and the idea of buying a legislator at that figure clear evidence of insanity. It may be that the market value of legislators has also risen at Harrisburg, but the time was, when $5 would fetch a halting member, when nothing better could be done.

THE House of Representatives, at Washington, last week passed an amendment to the national election law of last session, designed more effectually to prevent frauds at elections for President and Vice President, and members of Congress. It was adopted by a strict party vote. It is somewhat remarkable that the Democratic party, in Congress and State Legislatures, should persistently place themselves on record as opposing every measure to preserve the purity of the ballot, and prevent fraud and violence at elections.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE Maiden's Prayer—An engagement ring.

Senator Sumner was seized with a serious attack of illness on Saturday, but is now better.

THE feeling in Congress is said to be increasing in favor of entire removal of political disabilities since the President's message on that subject.

BOTH houses of the New Jersey Legislature have just passed a bill to allow indicted persons to appear as witnesses in their own behalf.

GENERAL J. Bankhead Magruder died at Galveston, Texas, Sunday. He acquired considerable reputation in the Union army before the rebellion. At its outbreak he deserted, went South, and served in the Confederate armies until their surrender.

AT a juvenile party in Lowel one little fellow, rejoicing in the splendor of his new clothes, sidled up to another with the triumphant remark: "You ain't dressed as well as I am." "Well," retorted the other, "I can lick you, anyhow!"—which is what is often thought, but never so well expressed at parties, of a larger growth.

A French paper reports that, in spite of the terrible cold, the town of Sedan and its surroundings are almost entirely uninhabited on account of the horrible stench of dead bodies which pervade the air in that vicinity. The bodies of those that were killed in the battle preceding the surrender have been covered but insufficiently, and it will probably be necessary to reinter them in a better manner.

THE quarrel between the Hendricks and Pendleton men in the West is getting lively. The Dayton *Herald*, speaking for Mr. Vallandigham, says that the Cleveland *Plain Dealer's* provocation to controversy is perfectly understood, and also "its elders and abetters." The *Herald* adds: "They mean war, and so do we; and that after the fashion of Palafox. And not, a mean, sneaking, underhand war, but one open and above board."

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.—The Perry county *Democrat* says that on last Friday a little daughter of Dr. A. Simpson, of the borough of Liverpool, that county, was burned to death, by her clothes taking fire, in the absence of her mother, who had just left the child for a moment to get a bucket of water. It is supposed the little one had been playing with matches. It died the the same night, and was consigned to its last resting place on Sunday. It was aged about four years.

THE Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., of New York, who recently returned from Nassua, writes the president, warmly commending the project for annexing San Domingo to the United States. Dr. Vinton derives his views as to the desirability of the proposed acquisition, in a measure, from the statements of Governor Ward, of Nassua, and from a sea captain with whom he conversed on this subject; the former, who has resided forty-one years in the West Indies, describing the soil of San Domingo as being unusually productive, and believing our American civilization necessary to the welfare of its people; and the other believing that, after the opening of a ship canal across the Isthmus, San Domingo must become a grand entrepot for the commerce between Europe and Asia. The doctor agrees in opinion with these gentlemen, and ardently urges annexation. In concluding his letter he says: "I pray that God's blessing may prosper your plans in this regard for the benefit of universal man, the good of our dear country, and the happiness of the inhabitants of the island."

HOW IT WORKS.—The Grand Jury of Dauphin County, at a late term of the Court, took occasion, in their report, to comment upon the fearful waste of life, usefulness and property, growing out of the present license system in Pennsylvania. Judge Pearson after some favorable comments upon the report, expressed the hope that it would be published, generally, by the newspapers throughout the commonwealth. As the report is entirely too long for our columns we can only give a few of its leading and most startling features. The Grand Jury, after giving the amount of money which is paid annually, into the State Treasury, for licenses in Dauphin County and the pittance, just $111.50, which the county derives therefrom, go on to show, from Police Statistics, that the round cost to Dauphin, per annum to keep up the license system, is $51,889. This does not include the loss of life from drunkenness, which could not of course, be estimated in dollars and cents. In consideration, therefore, for rum's doings in the County of Dauphin, the tax-payers are bled to the tune of fifty one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine dollars, and this estimate is made up from authentic sources which cannot be gainsaid. If it be so in Dauphin, it must be so elsewhere, and the consideration is certainly one worthy the gravest reflection of our law makers at Harrisburg.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—George Angel, a soldier of the war of 1812, aged 80 years, died on the 4th inst., near Middleburg.

FREDERICK.—Dr. Charles Michaels, of Catoctin, died suddenly on the 14th inst., of heart disease.—The dwelling of Samuel Jones, near Fannettsburg, was destroyed by fire, with contents, on the 10th inst.—Wm. E. Kuhn, a clerk in A. B. Barnhart's store, at State Line, was killed on Saturday evening under peculiar circumstances. Some time ago the store was broken into, and to guard against another burglary Mr. Kuhn had placed a loaded musket on a chair with the muzzle commanding this door, and had fastened a cord to the handle of the door, which passed around the chair and was fastened at the other end to the trigger of the gun. On Saturday evening when about ready to leave the store, after placing the gun in the position described, he started to pass around the counter and ran against the fatal cord, and discharged the musket. The whole charge entered his thigh lacerating it fearfully. After suffering about three hours death came to his aid. Mr. Kuhn was only 21 years old.

FREDERICK.—John Loats has been re-elected President of the Fred. & Pa. Line Railroad Company; Capt. A. W. Eichelberger is one of the Directors.

YORK.—Rev. J. K. Bricker has resigned the charge of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church in Dillsburg, in this county. —George B. Nace has been appointed Postmaster at Porter's Sidling, vice A. G. Rudisill, resigned.

REVERSING POSITION—THE OLD AND NEW STATES.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* has compiled a number of interesting tables from the returns of the new census, which shows, so far as population is concerned, the relative position of the several States of the Union. The seven States standing at the head of the list, rank according to population as follows: 1, New York; 3, Pennsylvania; 3, Ohio; 4, Illinois; 5, Missouri; 6, Indiana; 7, Massachusetts. Here we observe that *four* out of the seven most populous States are "new States;" that is, they were not included in the original "thirteen." At the foundation of the government under the present Constitution, in 1789, the four States then at the head of the list in point of population were 1, Virginia; 2, Pennsylvania; 3, North Carolina; 4, Massachusetts. In making comparison between the rank of the leading States of the present, we miss Virginia. She then stood first, whilst now (if the State had not been divided) she would have ranked in the seventh place; North Carolina, which stood third, now ranks fourteenth. Eight States standing at the head of the list of States contain just one-half of the whole population of the United States. These are New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, Indiana, Massachusetts and Kentucky. It requires the aggregate population of the other *twenty-nine* States to equal the population of these eight.

The three Pacific States have an aggregate population about equal to that of the city of Philadelphia. The states west of the Missisippi, *including* the Pacific States, have about *one sixth* of the whole population of the United States; while the twenty states immediately situated along the Atlantic and Gulf shores have nearly twenty-one millions of people. "The seat of empire" has therefore not yet left the Atlantic coast even, much less gone west of the Mississippi.

PROPOSAL TO PURCHASE THE BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN COLONIES.—A despatch to the New York *Post* from Washington says: The question of bringing before the British High Commissioners the proposition for purchasing a part, if not all of the British territory on this Continent, has been the subject of much discussion among the leading Republicans and supporters of the Administration. Many different schemes have been discussed in all their bearings, together with the propriety of taking at the present time any steps having for an object the expansion of our territory.

It is not doubted by some of our best informed as to the intention of the United States High Commissioners that a proposition of some sort will be made for the purchase of a part of the British territory—probably that part lying on the Pacific Ocean—in order, if for no other purpose, to ascertain the feeling of the British people on the matter of disposing of the possessions on this side of the Atlantic Ocean.

It may be regarded as somewhat significant that a majority of the members of the Foreign Relations Committee in the Senate favors such purchase. Mr. Sumner, perhaps, goes further than any member of the committee. He has already addressed a letter to Mr. Fish on this subject, in which he favors negotiating with Great Britan, through the High Commissioners, for the purchase of all her territory in North America, including the island belonging to that country in the West Indies, so that the British flag will not fly over a foot of ground on this continent.

FREE SPEAKING IN ENGLAND.—A Mr. Ayrton, member of the British Parliament and a member also of the Government, and somewhat famous for a caustic tongue, recently summoned his constituents to listen to an address. The "unterrified," to use a New York phrase, accordingly assembled; but instead of listening to Mr. Ayrton, placed one of his opponents in the chair, who thereupon caused to be read the following resolution:

"That, in the opinion of this meeting, the great and important interests of this large constituency have been lamentably neglected and wilfully slighted by our senior member, Mr. Ayrton, and that his conduct to the electors of the Tower Hamlets has even been unbecoming and insolent, and generally that his rude, coarse demeanor, both in and out of Parliament, has made the borough of the Tower Hamlets a by word through the United Kingdom. This meeting, therefore, calls upon Mr. Ayrton to resign into the hands of the electors the trust which he has so disgracefully violated."

This resolution was then adopted amidst general applause, and poor Mr. Ayrton, who had till then been accustomed to make rough speeches, but not to bear them, after a brief address went home —perhaps a wiser man, certainly a sadder man.

Suppose some American constituencies should try this kind of treatment?

DAMAGES AGAINST A LIQUOR SELLER.—In Ohio, in the Guernsey County Court of Common Pleas, Mrs. Francis Watt recently recovered $2,500 damages from one Boyd for selling her late husband intoxicating drinks. The husband was at one time a prominent physican and surgeon, and had represented his county in the Ohio Legislature. Failing into intemperate habits, he lost his practice, squandered his estate, and finally died from the effects of intoxication. The widow brought suit, alleging that Boyd, the defendant, continued during all this time to sell and deliver to her husband intoxicating liquor in quantities of from one pint to one quart, causing him to become an habitual drunkard and incapable of attending to any kind of business, and claimed $5,000 damages for which amount she asked judgement at the hands of the jury. After argument by able counsel on both sides, the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, assessing damages at $2,500.

PENSIONS TO SOLDIERS OF THE WAR OF 1812.

Annexed is the full text of the Act of Congress, granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the war of eighteen hundred and twelve, and the widows of the deceased soldiers, approved Feb. 14, 1871:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorised and directed to place on the pension roll the names of the surviving officers and enlisted and drafted men, including militia and volunteers, of the military and naval service of the United States, who served sixty days in the war with Great Britain of eighteen hundred and twelve, and were honorably discharged, and to such other officers and soldiers as may have been personally named in any resolution of Congress for any specific service in said war, although their term of service may have been less than sixty days, and who at no time, during the late rebellion against the authority of the United States, adhered to the cause of the enemies of the government, giving them aid and comfort, or exercised the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States, and who shall take and subscribe an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and the surviving widows of such officers and enlisted and drafted men: *Provided*, That such widows shall have been married, prior to the treaty of peace which terminated said war, to an officer, or enlisted or drafted man, who served as aforesaid in said war, and shall not have remarried.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall not apply to any person who is receiving a pension at the rate of eight dollars or more per month; nor to any person receiving a pension less than eight dollars per month, except for the difference between the pension now received and eight dollars per month. Pensions under this act shall be at the rate of eight dollars per month, except as herein provided when a person is receiving a pension of less than eight dollars per month, and shall be paid to the persons entitled thereto from and after the passage of this act for and during the term of their natural lives.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That before the name of any person shall be placed upon the pension roll under this act, proof shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, that the applicant is entitled to a pension under the provisions of this act; and any person who shall falsely take an oath required to be taken under the provision of this act, shall be guilty of perjury; and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be stricken from the pension roll the name of any person whenever it shall appear, by proofs satisfactory to him, that such name was put upon such roll through false or fraudulent representations as to the right of such person to a pension under the provisions of this act. The loss of a certificate of discharge shall not deprive the applicant of the benefits of this act, but other proof of services performed and of an honorable discharge, if satisfactory, shall be deemed sufficient.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the provisions of sections twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An act supplementary to 'An act to grant pensions,'" approved July four, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and of sections two, three, and four of an act entitled "An act supplementary to several acts relating to pensions," approved June six, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, shall be applicable to the pensions granted by this act.

[Selected for the Star and Sentinel.

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Intemperance is slaying its victims in equal degree with the sword. Can your legislate against this evil? The legal right to do so cannot be disputed, as laws already exist intended to restrain, but so framed as to deter prosecutors. We are justified by law in preventing, by force, the suicide from applying the razor to his own throat, or from administering to himself a speedy poison; and punishment is prescribed for administering quick poison to another, and he who prevents such a crime is protected. The principal is the same, whether applied to speedy or slow poison. It devolves on you, as statesman, to consult the best interest of the people, and instead of being accessories to crimes, through legislation, to elevate humanity and bless your country; to enrich and not to impoverish; to save life and not to destroy. Adopt the word "Progress," but let it not be to ruin. Let it be true moral progress, leading at least to material blessings. Put an end to the licensed sale of poison, stop the flood-gates of intemperance, and save the land from desolation.

GOVERNOR MCCLURG, of Missouri.

Prohibitory legislation only seeks to prevent public mischief. It does not attempt to dictate what we shall drink more than the laws against the sale of diseased, poisonous or otherwise unhealthy articles of food dictate what we shall eat. In both cases, the laws are against the sale, not the eating or drinking. The laws of prohibition upon brothels, gambling houses, impure books and pictures, houses of ill fame, tippling shops, all rest upon the same principle, namely, that these trades are inconsistent with the public welfare. No man can rightfully claim, that trade so injurious in its effects should be permitted to exist for his profit or accomodation.

GOVERNOR PERHAM, of Maine.

DR. PAUL SCHOEPFE, who is now in jail at Carlisle, Pa., awaiting a day to be set by Governor Geary for the execution of the sentence of death upon him for the murder of Miss Stinnecke, of Baltimore, has made a deed of assignment of her property, which he alleges she willed to him. The property is valued $75,000; $60,000 of which he gives for the erection of a hospital at Carlisle, and $6,000 to a German Lutheran Church. As the will was proved at the trial to be a forgery, Schoeppe's donations do not amount to much, except to create sympathy for him, for which purpose they were probably intended.

PILES.—How uncomfortable are itching piles? How terribly painful are internal, external or bleeding piles! Brigg's unrivalled Pile Remedy is mild and soothing in its effects, and a positive cure for piles of every description. It has never been known to fail, when used according to direction.

CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, CALLOUITIES, &c.—It is an astonishing fact nine out of ten persons we meet are sorely troubled with their feet. Very few are exempt. Dr. J. Briggs' popular remedies —Curative and Alleviator—are reliable and certain in their effects. The Curative for sore and tender corns, bunions, bad nails, &c., is a soothing balm for wounded feet, and rapidly cures the worst cases.—The Alleviator, for the cure of common corns and bunions, and the prevention of all corns, is a puzzle to scientific minds. Above medicines sold by A. D. Buehler, J. M. Huber and Druggists generally.

WAREHOUSE FOR RENT.—The building now occupied by Jos. WIBLE & SON as a Produce Warehouse, Gettysburg, Pa.—Inquire of Joseph Wible. tf

LIFE IN DENVER.

A Dark and Peculiar Phase—How the Miners Lose their Money—Gambling without any Disguise.

Right in the centre of the dark woods "The Cricket." And a lively cricket it is, too. But its ways are far from innocent, and its chirp, instead of the gentle pining heard in the quiet hours of the night, is the rattle of gaming appliances rising above the din of a hundred vociferating tongues.

The public gambling house is a recognized feature of border towns, and it is among the first of "institutions" to herald the approach of civilization in the far west. It is the inseparable companion of the star of empire, and its effects may be observed anywhere along the line of that luminary's march. But nowhere does it assert itself more successfully than in such places as owe their existence to their proximity to mines. Miners are little given to that class of diversions which we of the quieter walks of life are content with. They are for the most part a turbulent set, in whom (if not naturally, then by force of association), the animal propensities develop to the exclusion of the better qualities; and as a consequence their conceptions of enjoyment are realized in such amusements only as afford gross or absorbing excitement. Gambling houses, with their accompanying drinking and quarrelling, are perfectly adjusted to the miner's idea of pleasure, and they constitute a means for gratifying his inclinations, as compared with which, in his judgment, all other means are insignificant.

The Cricket, it would seem, "has struck a paying lead." It works like a beaver, from morning till night, from night to morning; and then, not overcome by its unremitting labor, it commences afresh, and does the same thing over again. It's an enterprising fellow, you may rest assured, for it makes hay whether the sun shines or not, and by virtue of its industry and the grabbing facilities it possesses, it is gradually but surely garnering an abundant harvest.

The gaming establishment under consideration stands in Denver, in its principal street, and upon one of its most conspicuous and desirable sites. Located within the very heart of trade, it announces itself with all the assurance of a legitimate business, and its claims to patronage are responded to in the most liberal manner. It enjoys an immunity from espionage unaccorded to kindred establishments in the eastern states, and its scope and publicity are as untrammeled as if its efforts were devoted to the best interests of the community. Admission into it involves neither the scrutiny of faces nor the traversing of dark passages. One simply opens the door as though entering an ordinary house, and, with a single step he is in the midst of an extraordinary scene. The room is very large and its sides are lined with tables. The proprietor, from a spirit of accommodation, restricts each table to a distinct game; so that there are as many different games going on at once as there are tables in the room. Consequently, the peculiar tastes or preferences of every one wishing to play may be indulged, and an individual has only to take his choice, and he forthwith pays his money. Then the assemblage gathered here! One might fancy he had dropped into a Bill Sykes brotherhood. Nowhere in any civilized portion of the earth could there be a more repulsive collection of physically sound human beings discovered. It is a conclave of unkempt, hard-featured brutalized creatures, cursing and brawling, and making the place a very penfold of the lowest beasts.

The room is disgustingly foul; it could hardly be otherwise, considering the occupants. The croupiers, or dealers, are correspondingly begrimed; and the tables, ignoring the esthetic combination of ornament and utility subserve the latter purpose solely, and are in keeping with the general filth. In fact, to an observer whose habits of life have associated him with cleanliness and decency, this den, this hole has all the attributes of a pigpen, add exhibits numberless other characteristics which poverty of language precludes a description of.

The dealers are eminently fitted for the positions they occupy. Did any of them ever experience a disposition toward the honest callings of life, I am confident that under the most favorable circumstances such vagary could be nothing more than momentary and spasmodic. They look as though they had been intended for a station; and that mission they are fulfilling to the best of their ability. I noticed one in particular: he was plying his vocation as eagerly as the greediest, and yet I don't recollect ever seeing a more thoroughly weary expression than was on his face. He was forty years of age, or thereabouts, and his exhausted appearance told what crowded years they had been. He was as thin as a skeleton, and his arms, which the shirt sleeves, turned back to facilitate the working of his cards, disclosed to the elbows, were all but fleshless, and were marked by deep blue veins that seemed swollen to their utmost tension. His face was cadaverous, and his eyes, though bright, were shockingly protruded. He was in the last stages of consumption, and a terrible cough—paroxysms of which occasionally delayed the game—was rapidly tearing him to pieces. That the struggle wouldn't last much longer his wan and worn-out look made unmistakably evident. Still, this unhappy being, on the brink of the grave, with the hand of death already upon him, was as keenly alive to the tricks of his trade as if a long and jocund life were to be the reward of his thieving; and callously indifferent of his impending fate, with heart and soul in the effort, he was busily employing the last moments of his existence here in securing for himself that misery which we are told awaits the transgressor in the life to come.

It was past midnight when we left the hall. During the time we were there none of those thrilling occurrences took place, which books and published letters lead us to suppose transpire for the edification of sight seeing travellers; nor among the incidents that I heard narrated concearning the spot, do I recall any of more than usual horror. But as I issued from that room filled with its heartless plunderers and its snarling, stubborn, and equally heartless plundered, and looked from the valley up at the mountains where was hidden the treasure which had called these men together, a fancy came over me that among the canons and the gulches, so gloomy with night's shadows upon them, there lay whitening the bones of many a man who would now be living but for the irresistible chirping of the Denver cricket.

Special Notices.

HUCKSTERS TAKE NOTICE.

Wm. Blair & Son have made extensive provision for supplying your wants. We will keep constantly on hand the whole line of goods generally sold to hucksters attending sales, all of which we will sell as prices to suit the times. Call and see. WM. BLAIR & SON,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Queensware Merchants, Carlisle, Pa.

Feb. 24, 1871. 4t

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear*, (*his specialty*) *late the Medical College of Pennsylvania*, 12 *years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 628 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The Medical Society are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [March 18, 1870.—1y

New Advertisements.

1870. 130,000 SOLD IN 1870.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

ARE THE MOST

POPULAR AND BEST

OF ANY IN THE MARKET.

520,000 SOLD.

THEY DO A WIDER RANGE OF WORK.

They are simple, light-running, complete and always ready to work. Call and see what they will do at the

OFFICE ON BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, (opposite the Court-house,)

J. E. FACKLER, Agent.

[N. B.] Machines delivered to all parts of the County and thorough instructions given free of charge.

Feb. 18, 1870.—1y

Richard W. Cox & Co.,

Successors to Wirt, Cox & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

N. W. Cor. Baltimore & Charles Sts.,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

Do a general

Banking and Brokerage

business. Allow interest on Deposits, subject to check at sight, same as the City Banks, and issue Certificates of deposit, bearing interest, and payable on demand.

Notes and Drafts maturing in Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York city, collected and credited to our customers free of charge, and Notes and Drafts on all other accessible points collected at lowest rates.

Agents for the sale of Northern Pacific R. R. Bonds. Pamphlets and information furnished on application.

N. B.—We take pleasure in promptly answering all inquiries, either by mail or wire, in regard to securities, &c., and shall be pleased to have our friends make our office their Head Quarters while in the City.

Feb. 10, 1870—3m

F. E. METZGER,

Banker,

WILL receive large and small sums of money, for which the following liberal rates of interest, *clear of State Taxes*, will be paid, viz:

1 Year 6 per cent.
6 Months 5 per cent.
4 Months 4 per cent.

Bonds of all kinds bought & sold

COUPONS, DIVIDENDS, &c.,

COLLECTED FREE OF CHARGE.

OFFICE:

Corner of Broadway and York Streets,

HANOVER, PA.

Feb. 10, 1871.—3m

STAGE OFFICE.

KEYSTONE HOUSE.

THE Keystone House, Chambersburg street, has been selected as the Gettysburg office for the CHAMBERSBURG and GETTYSBURG STAGE LINES. Stage for Chambersburg leaves daily at 1 o'clock, P. M., and arrives daily at the same hour. Fare received at the Hotel and passengers called for at any place in town.

The Keystone House runs a first-class HACK to and from the Depot FREE. Hack to hire.

W. E. MYERS.

Gettysburg, Sept. 9, 1870.—6m

FLOWER SEEDS!

OUR unrivaled collections of Flower Seeds which we sell at 25 cents, and $1.00 each, should be in the hands of every planter in the country. They contain respectively, Nos. 60cts. and $2.25 worth of the choicest seeds, at packet prices, comprising selections of the most beautiful and desirable varieties, and either size will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price, and we guarantee them to give full satisfaction.

Descriptive and Price Lists on application.

We put up Vegetable Seeds in the same proportion. Tropic Tomato Seed at 25 cents per package. Address, BOARDMAN & WILLIAMS, Rochester, N. Y.

[Feb. 17.—3t

$5 to $10 per Day.

Men, Women, Boys and Girls wanted to work for us right in their own localities. Will pay a salary or allow large commission. Business new and strictly honorable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make the unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The Peoples' Literary Companion*, one of the largest and best family newspapers ever published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine. 4t

AN INDEPENDENT FORTUNE

IN FOUR MONTHS.

Can be made in a quiet way by men that are capable of keeping the money after it is made. Address JAMES GOODWIN, 67 Hudson Street, Hartford, Conn. 4t

AGENTS! READ THIS!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich. Feb. 17, 1871.—4t

TO BUY ANYTHING CHEAPER THAN EVERYWHERE, call at PICKING & CO.

Jan. 6, 1870.—tf

New Advertisements.

Receipts & Expenditures

OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1870.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

AN ORDERLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective counties to publish a statement of the Receipts and Expenditures yearly, we, the Commissioners of Taxes of said county, do report as follows, to wit: from the 5th day of January, A. D., 1870, to the 4th day of January, A. D., 1871, both days inclusive:

WM. J. MARTIN, Esq., Treasurer, and the Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams, as follows:

DR.

To Outstanding Taxes and Quit Rents in hands of Collectors	$14,588 04
*County Rates and Levies for 1870

, repairing and
, and
ashing Judges' ... 14 25
ashing ... 8 00
e-coating cab-
... 16 00
tsmithing for ...
... 8 63
... 2 00
g and white-
... 21 00
trees ... 16 00
court ... 1 45
pipe and re-
... 2 06
ng furnace at ...
... 25 08 — 538 85

spiration.
inting By-Bls. ... 55 75
advertising ... 60 00
rtising Regis. ... 60 00
... 75 00
ing 75 Regis-
... 75 00
ter for mak-ing ...
... 283-00 — 551 75
... 22,070 63
... 1,682 65
... 332 50
... 935 59
by Treasurer ... 8,491 31
... $64,291 22

ony that the foregoing state-
and Expenditures exhibited
reasurer of said county, is
y as taken from and compar-
remaining in the books at this
nto set our hands and affixed
at Gettysburg, the 4th day
ril.
M. HARTMAN,
EMANUEL NEIDICH,
FRANCIS WILL,
ssioners of Adams county.
TERA, Clerk.

ORS' REPORT.
he Judges of the Court of
as of Adams county.
d duly elected Auditors to
he Public accounts of the
missioners of said county,
affirmed regularly sit-
ng to be a general statement
he 5th day of January, A.
y of January, A. D. 1871.

, Esq., Treasurer and the
account with the county of

DR.
anding Tax at last
... $14,586 04
Rents assessed for ... 49,568 45
... 151 57
m Banks and sun-
... 19,499 63
fendi, Water dividend ... 48 00
al for office ... 40 00
... 30 00
... 20 00
... fees and fines ... 151 00
... 67 26
rsons ... 14 12
... 121 27
for stove ... 8 00
for Water Stock ... 8 00
ellaneous ... 3 85
... 2 63
... 84,291 22

CR.
nding Tax for 1869 ... 851 29
nding Tax for 1870 ... 21,118 75
... 37 74
... 1,325 09
... 51 80
... 83 05
... 246 23
... 67 26
County Orders ... 50,779 54
ty Commissioners ... 9,935 36
by Treasurer ... 8,491 31
... $84,291 22

ed, Auditors of the county of
a, elected and sworn in pur-
ort that we met, did audit,
ounding in the accounts
and Commissioners of said
on the third Tuesday in Janu-
ng on the 4th day of January,
inclusive, that said account
entered on record in the Com-
missioners' Office of Adams
d that the balance in favor
r, of eight thousand four
-one dollars and thirty-one
in Outstanding County
and seventy dollars
070 63.)
E. G. HEAGY,
DAVID RHODES, JR.,
RAPHAEL SHERRY,
Auditors

NDEBTEDNESS.
ABILITIES.
and sundry per-
... $51,276 63
ASSETS.
ount $22,070 63
's hands ... 8,491 31
... 315 00
each ... 2,800 00
... 33,676 94
... $17,600 29

missioners expect to reduce
t to eight thousand dollars

Inheritance Tax.

counts of Collateral Inherit-
he year ending Nov. 30, 1870,
ed and examined and fig-
uide to Health Book, on Ap-
ear, which we publish for
ibution it will give you
information.
r, of Baltimore, says:
e in recommending your
very powerful alterative. I
d in two cases with happy
case of secondary syphilis,
atients pronounced himself
taking bottles five bottles
... The other is a case
long standing, which is
e is under his care and the in-
f the patient will soon re-
ugally examined the forma-
Rosadalis is made, and find
compound of alterative in-

y Nicholasville, Ky., says he
alis in cases of scrofula and
ills with satisfactory results
f the Blood I know no better

Fadden, Murfreesboro', Tenn.

seven bottles of Rosadalis
cured of Rheumatism; and
as I wish it for my brother
ompan A. Sixty-
hbot, of Lima, Ohio writes.
for twenty years with an in-
e sewer my whole body; a
e I purchased a bottle of
effected a perfect cure.

is sold by all Druggists.

Exchange Place, Baltimore.

ENTS & CO., Proprietors.
-1yin
n Gettysburg, Pa., by A. D.
gist.

GOLD LOAN.

Safe! Permanent!

OKE & CO.

r and Accrued Interest the

and Grant Gold Bonds
OF THE

cific Railroad Co.

secured, *first*, by a First-
Railroad itself, its rolling-
ments; *second*, by a First
Lands, Sixteen Hundred
Thousand Acres of Land to

ce from United States Tax;
erest are payable in Gold—
ears, Thirty Years, and
ly, at the rate of Seven and
ent. per annum.
denominations of $100, $500,
000.
e Mortgage are Messrs. J.
bia and J. Edgar Thomson,
sylvania Central Railroad

acific 7-30 Bonds will at all
to be received in Ten Per
1-10), in exchange for the
ith lowest cash price.
eir absolute safety, these
e larger, we believe, than
security. Persons holding
an, by converting them into
rease their yearly income
ut a perfect reliable title.

CH.—Your nearest Bank or
ese Bonds in any desired
eeded denomination. Per-
ge stocks in other bonds
with any of our Agents, who
current price for all market-

ities remote from Banks.
ubset bonds, directly to us
ill send back Northern Pa-
e risk, and without cost to
further information, pamph-
se or address the undersign-
ers or Bankers employed to

E SALE BY
INTER & CO.,
ia. Agents for Eastern Pa.

National Bank,

T'BURG, PA.

A DALIS

T AMERICAN HEALTH
ifies the Blood, cures and
Syphilis, Skin Diseases,
Scrofula, Women, and all
ses of the Blood. Over and
mmended by the Medical
ny thousands of our best

mony of Physicians and pat
and friends should be read
uide to Health Book, on Ap-
ear, which we publish for
ibution it will give you
information.

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning, Feb. 24, 1871

LOCAL ITEMS.

TO DELINQUENTS.—Quite a large number of subscribers to the STAR AND SENTINEL are in arrears for subscription and jobbing. We have repeatedly notified these delinquents, and in a few instances they have responded, but a large majority are still in arrears. We again make the request to these persons that they pay up and hope to hear from them before the first of April next. We are compelled to pay cash for material, paper, ink, labor performed, &c., and it is a very difficult matter to do so, unless our friends and patrons will settle their indebtedness promptly. We dislike these repeated duns, and if delinquents would but comply with our terms, there would be no necessity for them.

To those who have promptly responded to previous calls, we tender thanks. The first of April is general settlement day, and we hope the Printer will be duly remembered. A few dollars from each subscriber would be a small matter to them, but of vast importance in the aggregate to us. Who will be the first to respond?

APPRENTICE WANTED.—At this office. Must be of good character, and possess fair primary education. One resident in town prefe rred. Apply immediately.

APPOINTED,—Adam Hoke has been appointed Postmaster at Granite Hill, vice G. F. Gulden resigned.

☞ We have been favored with another article from "D. P. F." on the New York State Fair, which will appear next week.

ROBBED.—The store of Messrs. John Yost & Son, in Mountjoy township, was entered, through the cellar, on the night of the 9th inst., and the change in the drawer taken, about $4.

FIRE.—We learn that the dwelling of Richard Price, near Hampton, took fire at an early hour on Monday morning, and was burnt to the ground. Insured in the Dover (York county) company.

REVIVAL.—A protracted meeting has been in progress for several weeks in the Ev. Lutheran Church, New Oxford, under the pastoral care of Rev. Dr. Hauer. The house is crowded with attentive hearers. Deep solemnity prevails, many enquiring, "what must I do to be saved." We understand that a considerable number rejoice in the hope of forgiveness of sins.

BURNED.—Mr. William Brown, of Oxford township, this county, met with a severe accident on the 8th inst. Whilst engaged in putting off a blast in a limestone quarry, a can of about five pounds powder close by him, was ignited, and exploded, burning his hands in a shocking manner. His clothes took fire, but by the assistance of two other workmen, they were removed before the body received any injury. Dr. J. Culbertson was called and the injured man is doing well.—*Compiler.*

MORE OF IT.—It seems that "Hamilton & Gardner, No. 5 Beekman street, New York," are dispensing their favors liberally. Last week we gave in full one of their epistles addressed to Mr. Bigham. Mr. John Hartman, of Mummasburg, sends us another addressed to him, a duplicate of that received by Mr. Bigham, word for word, also inviting $13.75 to be sent for the redemption of a watch worth $400. These rascals have doubtless flooded the mails with similar letters, and may catch some green ones. The peculiarity is that they are *written*, not lithographed.

OLD CENT.—Maj. Samuel Lohr, of Franklin township, showed us, the other day, an English cent made in the reign of King George II, and dated 1748—being 123 years old. Mr. Lohr found it in a field whilst husking corn last fall. Who has an older cent?—*Compiler.*

John M. Tate, of this place, has in his possession two English pennies, of older date, both issued during the reign of George II—one dated 1738 and the other 1734. Mr. Tate also showed us a well preserved American cent of 1794.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?—Some months ago, the Supreme Court appointed an Auditor to report distribution of the fund arising from the sale of the Gettysburg Railroad, to and among the bond-holders. As there is no special legal difficulty involved, and the matter is mainly one of calculation, it was generally supposed that but a brief time, ten days at most, would suffice for the Auditor to get his report ready. The matter has now been in his hands for more than two months, and no sign of a report. What is the meaning of this delay? It is true the money, $181,000, is worth some $30 to somebody every day this distribution is delayed; but we should be reluctant to believe that the auditor, himself a son of one the Supreme Court judges, is influenced thereby.

THE 22D.—There was no special observance of the 22d of Febuary in this place. Although the day is made a legal holiday by legislature enactment, the stores and places of business were kept open. At 10 o'clock, A. M., the Zouaves, in full dress uniform, paraded, their full drum corps waking up the town.

During the afternoon, quite a sensation was produced on the streets, by the appearance of a mounted masquarade party, over 60 persons being in line—all being well disguised and representing fantastic characters of every imaginable conception.—

The party attracted much attention, and after passing through most of the streets, followed by a large crowd, drew up in the centre square for roll-call. The masqueraders seemed to be well officered, and—as a "fantastic" parade, the affair was a decided success.

Later in the day the Gettysburg Brass Band took position in the centre square, and for some time discoursed most excellent music.

FOUND OUT.—Appropos of the "strictly confidential" letters about counterfeit currency with which the New York sharpers have occasionally taken in knaves and dupes, the Buffalo *Express* relates the following rich incident:

"One day a man, who shall be nameless, entered Police Superintendent Doyle's private office and asked to see Mr. Doyle. The courteous Chief motioned him to a chair, and asked him to state his case, for the visitor seemed in a greatly perturbed state of mind.

"Mr. Doyle," he began, "I have been swindled, and I want you to help me punish the scoundrels."

"Explain!" sententiously remarked the Superintendent.

"See here," producing a letter similar to the above, "I got one of these things a couple of weeks ago, and I sent down twenty dollars."

"Well, what did you get in return?" asked Mr. Doyle.

"A paper box of sawdust," exclaimed the visitor, "and that's what I want to see you about. I want you to—"

"Stop a bit," interrupted Mr. Doyle; "what did you expect to receive for your twenty dollars?"

"Why—why—just what this states," stammered the man, holding up the letter.

"And what did you propose doing with that stuff?" asked the Superintendant, each second his glance becoming more piercing and the color of the man's face deeper in proportion.

"I, I—you know."

"Yes, I know. I guess you had better go."

The man went.

PHILOMATHEAN SOCIETY.—The "Biennial Exercises" of the Philomathean Society of Pa. College, in Agricultural Hall, on Wednesday night, attracted a large audience. The Hall was filled to its utmost capacity, many persons being unable to get in. The order of exercises was as follows:

MUSIC—"Cassel's Military Waltz."
PRAYER—By Rev. M. Valentine, D. D.
MUSIC—"Das Deutschen Vaterland."
Wedded Names, Benj. Kurtz, Baltimore, Md.
MUSIC—"Moonlight on the Lake."
The Little Pulpit, S. Stall, Hudson, N. York.
The Spirit of Philosophy, E. F. Bartholomew, Selinsgrove, Pa.
Head-Lights, D. M. Moser, Altoona, Pa.
MUSIC—"Down by the Brook."
The Voice of Nature, G. W.—Fortney, of Pine Grove Mills.
Faces, Geo. M Michael, Shawnee, Pa.
MUSIC—"Savoyard's Return."
BENEDICTION—By Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D.

The essays and orations showed a good deal of culture, with creditable style, and vigorous, original thought, and were well received by the audience, the speakers being each warmly applauded. The effect of several of the speeches was marred by defective memorization. As we write, a friend hands us the annexed notice of the exercises.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

We had the pleasure of attending the Biennial Exhibition of the Philomathean Society, held last evening in Agricultural Hall. The audience was large and appreciative, and exhibited a deep interest in the exercises of the occasion. The performances, of different degrees of merit, all evinced a good measure of culture and industry.

The Salutatory address was delivered by Mr. Kurtz of Baltimore, selecting as his theme, "Wedded Names." It was written with great correctness and beauty, and was appropriate in sentiment. With a voice of more than ordinary compass and volume, he easily filled the Hall. His manner should have been less studied and artificial.

"The Little Pulpit" by Mr. Stall, was spoken in an effective, natural and pleasing manner, and was well received by the audience. He dwelt on the power of the pulpit, and made some good hits on timid and time-serving ministers. There was an occasional looseness in the style.

The essay of Mr. Bartholomew, on "The Spirit of Philosophy," was scholarly in thought, correctly written and well read. Perhaps there were too many technical terms of philosophy, and learned allusions for such an occasion.

"Head-Lights," by Mr. Moser, was somewhat striking in conception, and delivered in a manner calculated to arouse and interest. The thought and style needed condensation. This performance would have been a decided success, but for failure of the memory.

Mr. Fortney's essay on "The Voice of Nature," was clear and forcible presentation of the relation between the material and spiritual worlds. It was read naturally, though the voice was wanting in purity.

The performance of Mr. Michael should have been the most popular and successful one of the evening. His subject was "Faces." It was treated in a novel and original manner, and was full of happy and witty allusions. Such a piece occasionally, but decidedly refreshing, in the midst of abstract literary and philosophical discussions. The enjoyment of the audience was somewhat marred by the speaker's lack of memory.

On such occasions, the young men should put themselves beyond all possibility of failure by careful and timely preparation. We detect also, on the part of many, a tendency to make their productions long by elaborate detail—the fault of the young men, or through the oversight of the Prof. of that department, we do not know. We are much pleased to note the general style of reading and speaking exhibited, and an almost entire absence of the old stilted, rhetorical and artificial methods.

The music, generously furnished by ladies and gentlemen from the town, was excellent and the college and community are under peculiar obligations to these lovers of music for their help on such occasions. X

[For the Star and Sentinel.

SABBATH-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The first Sabbath School convention of Adams county, composed of the townships of Hamilton, Oxford and Berwick and Berwick borough, held its third meeting in St. Johns Church, in Abbottstown, on Saturday, Febuary 18.

The meeting was called to order by D. E. Hollinger, Vice President. After spending some time in devotional exercises the convention proceeded to business.—The minutes of last meeting were read and after a few corrections adopted.

Reports of the Lutheran S. S. of Abbottstown, Lutheran S. S. of New Oxford, Methodist S. S. of New Oxford, Valley S. School, Walnut Grove and Union S. S. of East Berlin, were presented.

The question, "What is the best order of exercises of a Sabbath School?" was discussed by Messrs. Paul Hersh, J. B. Baughman, George Wolf, D. J. Hauer, D. D., Kane and Hoke.

"Is it beneficial for the S. School to continue the same Superintendent for a number of years?" was discussed by Dr. Hauer, J. B. Baughman and Paul Hersh.

On motion of George Wolf, the further discussion of the above was postponed to a future meeting.

"What is the best method of conducting a S. School Library?" was discussed by Messrs. Bittinger, Jos. Diehl, J. Curtis Hildebrand, Paul Hersh and J. B. Baughman.

The Institute then adjourned to 6½ P. M., closing with singing and prayer.

The evening session was opened with singing and prayer. The question, "Should unconverted teachers be employed in the S. School?" discussed by Messrs. C. L. Wolf, Paul Hersh, Kane and J. B. Baughman.

"How to interest large pupils in a S. School?" discussed by Messrs. Baughman, J. Wolf, P. Hersh, Joseph Wolf, Kane.

An essay was read by Miss Louisa Baughman.

"Do pic-nics, anniversaries, and Christmas exercises, as usually conducted, promote the vital interest of the S. School?" was discussed by Messrs. Hoke, Spangler, Hildebrand, Wolf, Hersh and Kane.

Paul Hersh offered the following amendment to the constitution, which was adopted:

Resolved, the convention meet every 3 months in place of every six weeks.

The president appointed Messrs. J. B. Wolf, E. Stahl and J. Newcomer, a committee to arrange a programme for next convention.

Institute closed with devotional exercises to hold their next meeting at East Berlin.

J. C. HILDEBRAND, Sec'y.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I herewith acknowledge a liberal donation of money from members of the German Reformed and Lutheran congregations of East Berlin, as an appreciation of my ministerial services in their midst. May the Lord abundantly bless the donors.

DANIEL J. HAUER, Pastor.

PRIME OYSTERS.—E. H. Minnigh wishes it a point to serve up the VERY BEST Oysters that can be secured in the Baltimore market. He has special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, who will find every thing in prime order. Oysters served up in every style, to suit the most astidious. Call and see for yourselves.

☞ We all consider Iron the embodiment of strength and power, but how few are aware that it is this same element in the system, that gives us strength and vigor, and that an insufficiency of it causes weakness and debility. The Peruvian Syrup, a protexide of iron, is prepared expressly to supply this vitalizing element.

SALES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—The following sales of Personal Property will be found in our advertising columns:

Saturday, Feb. 25—James M. Neely, Oxford.
Monday, " 27—John Baker, Freedom.
Monday, " 27—J. E. Herman, near Hampton.
Tuesday, " 28—Henry Roth, Butler.
Wednesday, Mar. 1—Jeremiah Guldes, Butler.
Thursday, " 2—Wm. F. Lott, Cumberland.
Friday, " 3—Jacob W. Fidler, Butler.
Tuesday, " 7—P. G. Cassatt, Straban.
Wednesday, " 8—Mrs. Graft & W. A. McIlhenny, Straban.
Wednesday, " 8—Theodore Bender, Cumberland.
Thursday, " 9—John Funt, Butler.
Friday, " 10—Abraham Tawney, Mountpleasant.
Saturday, " 11—Samuel Hartzel, Cumberland.
" " 11—Hez. Latshaw, Franklin.
" " 11—John McKesson, Liberty.
Tuesday, " 14—D. C. Brinkerhoff, Straban.
Wednesday, " 15—William Walhay, Menallen.
Thursday, " 16—Dr. C. E. Goldsborough, Straban.
Thursday, " 16—G. W. Scott and D. J. C. Polley, Freedom.
Friday, " 17—J. W. Cress, Gettysburg.
Saturday, " 18—M. C. Benner, Cumberland.
Wednesday, " 22—G. F. & Harriet Gulden, Straban.

FOR SALE.—A Young Mare, 5 years old, large size, well suited for farming—Virginia stock. Enquire of R. C. Cobean.

THE BEST STOVE now in market, for beauty, economy, and comfort, is admitted all around to be the MORNING GLORY. It defies all competition, and that is the judgment of all who have used it. It is just the thing for Offices, Stores, and Parlors Chambers. Call at C. H. Buehler's Ware Room, opposite the Passenger Depot, and examine for yourselves. tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—Three furnished Rooms to let, in the Centre square, desirable for students or others. Terms reasonable. Enquire of Mrs. Harriet Harper. tf

FOR SALE.—A Two year old Cashier Stallion, good size, color Bay. Will be sold cheap for Cash. JACOB HOKE, Table Rock, Adams County, Pa. 3t

VALUABLE MEDICINES—Read the advertisement of Miller & Davis, Druggist, of Baltimore, in to-day's paper, headed "Health! Health!" No humbug. tf

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.

Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	5 50 @	6 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	6 25 @	6 50
WHITE WHEAT,	1 65 @	2 00
RED WHEAT,	1 53 @	2 10
CORN,	78 @	86
RYE,	1 02 @	1 05
MIXED,	58 @	60
TIMOTHY-SEED,	6 00 @	6 00
CLOVER-SEED,	7 12 @	7 50
FLAX-SEED,	0 00 @	1 90
BACON, SHOULDERS,	10 @	10½
" SIDES,	11¾ @	12
" HAMS,	16 @	18
LARD,	12¾ @	13

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.

Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

FLOUR,	0 00 @	5 75
WHITE WHEAT,	1 25 @	1 45
RED WHEAT,	1 20 @	1 40
CORN,	65 @	70
RYE,	00 @	00
OATS,	45 @	50
BUCKWHEAT,	00 @	00
TIMOTHY-SEED,	4 00 @	5 00
CLOVER-SEED,	6 00 @	6 75
FLAX-SEED,	1 70 @	1 75
POTATOES,	80 @	1 00

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

3 o'clock, P. M.,	*Feb. 21st, 1871.*
U. S. 6's of '81,	114½ 114¾
" " '62,	111¾ 112
" " '64,	111¼ 111¾
" " '65,	111¾ 112
" " '65 new,	110¾ 110¾
" " '67,	110¾ 110¾
" " '68,	110¾ 111¼
" 5's, 10-40's,	110¾ 110¾
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy.,	113 113¼
Gold,	111¾ 111¾
Silver,	106¾ 108
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds,	825
Central Pacific R. R.	940 950
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds,	715 725

MARRIED.

GUISE—GROFF.—At the residence of the bride's father, in Tyrone township, by Rev. J. M. Price, on the 19th inst., Mr. Eli D. Guise to Miss Caroline Groff.

GULDEN—SNERRINGER.—On the 7th inst., at Conowago Chapel, by Rev. Father Rogers, Mr. Jerome Gulden to Miss Sarah A. Sneeringer, both of Adams county.

SHEELY—HOLTZMAN.—On St. Valentine's day, at Conowago Chapel, by Rev. Mr. Enders, Mr. Jacob Sheely to Miss Matilda Ackerman, both of Conowago township.

SMITH—LAWRENCE.—On the 7th inst., at Conowago Chapel, by Rev. Father Rogers, Mr. Ambrose Smith to Miss Mary Lawrence, both of Oxford township, Adams county.

DIED.

Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over four lines—cash to accompany the notice. This includes memorial tributes, resolutions of societies, &c.

BUSHEY.—On the 10th inst., near Middleway, Jefferson county, West Virginia, Mr. Nemonia Bushey, aged 72 years, 8 months and 10 days.

FOX.—On the 7th inst., at Wheeling, West Virginia, Mrs. Elizabeth Fox, formerly of the neighborhood of Littlestown, this county, aged 76 years.

HOFFMAN.—On the 15th inst., in Hamiltonban township, after a protracted illness, Mr. Jacob Kaufman, aged 72 years, 4 months and 3 days.

MORITZ.—On the 9th inst., Mary Moritz, wife of Peter Moritz, aged 46 years, 6 months and 14 days.

WEAVER.—On the 29th ult., in Union township, Mrs. Catharine Weaver, wife of William Weaver, aged 72 years.

WIRT.—On the 10th inst., near New Oxford, Miss Caroline Wirt, aged 81 years, 5 months and 16 days.

(*Communicated.*

☞ At the last meeting of Cayuga Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.,

SNOW MOON, 17th S., G. S. D. 380.

FEBRUARY 18th, 1871, }

The following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, it has pleased the Great Spirit in His inscrutible wisdom to cut off suddenly by death an esteemed and valued Father among the children of the Forest, Brother F. G. S., Samuel Weaver, who for many G' Sums labored faithfully in the Lodge of Cayuga Tribe, who attained to a high position in the order, honored and respected wherever he was known, one of the pillars of our T., ever ready to assist a brother in distress, and for his exemplary conduct of season, whose means, time, and counsels, were cheerfully given to advance the interests and promote the harmony of our T., and whose memory will be warmly into the principles inculcated by the order.

But now he lies low in the tomb; his voice is hushed, his last counsels given; the sound of his footsteps will no more be heard across the threshold of the Lodge. His presence in our meetings around our Fraternal Council-brands is no longer enjoyed. The mystic chain is broken. Thus again are we called upon to mourn a departed Brother and again are we reminded of the truth, that man is born to die, that brothers of high, as well as low degrees, are alike the subjects of decay and death; hence the importance of a necessary preparation to meet the shaft of death with unwavering courage, and lead our frail bark safely beyond life's sea, to rejoice and enjoy "that rest which remaineth to the people of God." where Great Council fires of love and glory burneth forever in righteousness.

Resolved, That in the death of Brother F. G. S., Samuel Weaver, Cayuga Tribe has lost one of its first and most active members and the order a zealous and prominent champion. And whilst we deeply deplore his sudden and premature death, the peculiar manner in which it occurred and our hearts bleed for the bereaved family, we humbly bow to the will of God, we would humbly and submissively bow before Him who holds the destinies of us all, in His hands, believing that whenever He deeth is intended for our good and so improve the time before us, that when the messenger of death shall come to us, we too may be found ready to depart.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the widow, Children and Relatives of the deceased Brother. In this severe bereavement, pray and trust that grace and strength may be given them sufficient to sustain them in this the day of trial.

Resolved, That the W. be draped in mourning for sixty Suns, that the members wear the usual mourning badge for the same length of time, that a copy of these preambles and resolutions be published in the papers of town, and a copy be transmitted to the family of the deceased Brother.

WM. R. MARK, C. of R.

[*Communicated.*

TRIBUTE OF ESTEEM.

Whereas, An all-wise and merciful Providence has seen fit to remove from our midst a beloved and highly esteemed brother, Benjamin J. Hickman, and

Whereas, We deeply and sincerely mourn the loss of him who was so suddenly stricken down in his prime; we tenderly extend a wide circle of loving and faithful friends; therefore

Resolved, That in his death we have lost a true and noble-hearted companion, who was a kind and favorite among his associates.

Resolved, That while we weep for him, yet we rejoice that in the closing period of his life he was made peaceful and happy by the welcoming voice of God.

Resolved, That we recognize in him a true model of that is excellent and good, and which is worthy of our constant imitation.

Resolved, That in this bitter hour of grief we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the family of the deceased, pointing them to the gospel where the saddened and weary soul may find sweet solace and be sustained.

Resolved, That our Hall be draped and the members of Society observe the usual ceremony of mourning.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the family of the deceased, and be published in the church and town papers.

Jan. 2, 1871. M. GILBERT,
Jan. 2, 1871. M. GILBERT,
PERSEVERANCE HALL, Feb. 22, 1871. Committee.

AT COST! AT COST! Until April 1871—at NORRIS' Corner, to make room for Spring goods—Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, at WHOLESALE PRICES. Now is your time for Bargains. Don't fail to call, if you need anything in my line. No Humbug. Call and see for yourselves.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of STUART W. HOFFMAN, Assignee of FRANK D. DUTTON and wife, to and among parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Gettysburg, Pa., on *Tuesday, the 14th day of March next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to hear parties in interest.

D. A. BUEHLER, Auditor.

Feb. 24, 1871—3t

Dissolution Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between DAVID KITZMILLER & JACOB A. KITZMILLER is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm will please call and settle the same. The books are at the store on York street, where the business will be carried on by D. Kitzmiller.

D. KITZMILLER & BRO.

Feb. 24, 1871.—6t

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber having sold his property, offers at Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 11th of March, 1871*, at his residence in Liberty township, Adams county, on the public road leading from Fairfield to Emmittsburg, 3 miles from the former place, the following Personal Property, viz:

THREE HORSES, one a Mare with foal, and a Colt 3 years old in May, 1 two year old; Wagon, hay carriage, patent hay rake, cutting box, broadcast plow, double and single shovel plows, harrow, corn fork, dung and pitch forks, rakes, shovels, 2 sets of breechbands, saddles, collars, bridles, 1 set of breast chains, lines, 2 sets of bath tubes, log chain, 2 mattocks, pick, grindstone, log-rope, plate and pin, grain in the ear by the bushel and many other articles.

☞ Sale to commence at o'clock A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN MCKESSON

Feb. 24, 1871.—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber, intending to remove, will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday, March 18th, 1871*, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams county, on the Emmittsburg road, 3¼ miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable personal property, viz:

TEAM OF HORSES, 1 FRESH COW, 1 Calf, 1 Brood Sow, 1 one-horse Wagon, 1 Carriage, (Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Brant's patent, as good as new, Wheelbarrow, Box Ladders, Winnowing Mill, Barshear Plow, Harrow, 2 Corn Forks, double Shovel Plow, Scutching Mill, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythes, Manure and Wedge, double and single Trees, Spreader, Buggy Harness, 2 pair Lines, Collars, Bridles, Plow Lines, Chain Lines, Log and Cow Chains, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, 2 sets of Stoke Harness, and many other articles not mentioned.

☞ Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance and a credit of nine months will be given by.

JOHN STALLSMITH, Auct.

Feb. 24, 1871—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, on *Thursday, the 16th of March next*, at his residence in Straban township, Adams county, 4½ miles north of Gettysburg, on the road leading to Harrisburg, the following Personal Property, viz:

THREE HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, 1 a young Mare with foal, and 1 a Bay Stallion rising 3 years, all calculating for either draft or harness; 2 COLTS, 1 rising 3 years and the other rising 2 years old; 1 Brood Sow, Pigs, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, Buckeye Reaper and Mower, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Grain Drill, Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, Spring Carriage, 2 Sleighs, Plows, double Shovel Plow, Corn Forks, Harrow, single and double Trees, Spreader, Grain Cradle Scythes, Cross-cut Saw, 2 sets of Front Gears, 2 Bridles, 2 Collars, Halters, Cow Chains, set of Dung Boards, and other articles not mentioned.

☞ Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE F. GULDEN.

C. G. MILLER, Auct.

Feb. 24, 1871—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscribers will sell at Public Sale, on *Thursday, the 16th day of March next*, at their residence, in Freedom township, Adams county, 1 mile from Brush's Mill and 3 miles from Gettysburg the following Personal Property, viz:

THREE HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, 1 a young Mare with foal, and 1 a Bay Stallion rising 3 years, all calculating for either draft or harness; 2 COLTS, 1 rising 3 years and the other rising 2 years old; 1 Brood Sow, Pigs, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, Buckeye Reaper and Mower, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Grain Drill, Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, Spring Carriage, 2 Sleighs, Plows, double Shovel Plow, Corn Forks, Harrow, single and double Trees, Spreader, Grain Cradle Scythes, Cross-cut Saw, 2 sets of Front Gears, 2 Bridles, 2 Collars, Halters, Cow Chains, set of Dung Boards, and other articles not mentioned.

☞ Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE HARTZELL.

Feb. 24, 1871—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to quit housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 17th of March next*, at the residence of the deceased, in Mountpleasant township, adjoining the property of Peter Catherman, Jacob Rebert and others, the following Personal Property, viz:

TWO MILCH COWS, 1 head of Young Cattle, 4 head of good Sheep, 2 Beds and Bedsteads, 2 Tables, 2 Bureaus, Cupboard, Clock, Parlor Stove, Coal Stove, lot of Stove Pipe, 2 Sheet Iron Drums, 4 Bedsteads and Bedding, Featherbeds, Corner Cupboard, 1 set of Chairs, large Dining Table, Parlor Stand, Dining Table, Breakfast Table, 2 Venetian Blinds, Looking Glass, Bed, Bed Steads, Carpeting, 42 yards of which is new Ingrain Carpet, 7 yards Stair Carpet, 17 yards Stair Oil Cloth, 14 yard Hall Oil Cloth, Cupboard and Kitchen Furniture, Washing Machine, Wringer, Wash Tubs, Zinc Wash Boards, Churn, Spinning Wheel and Reel, Wheelbarrow, Buckets, Pans, Barrels, Pots, Boxes, Scythes, Cradle, Glassware, Tinware, Crockery and Stoneware, all at good prices, Cider by the barrel, Fruit, Apple butter, together with a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Also, at the same time will be sold, 1 new Spring Wagon, 1 two-horse Spring Wagon, and 1 Sleigh.

☞ Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JAMES CALDWELL.

Feb. 24, 1871—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming and housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, on *Tuesday, the 21st day of March next*, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams county, about 2½ miles from Gettysburg, on the Baltimore pike, the following Personal Property, viz:

TWO HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, 4 head of MILK COWS, 2 of which will be fresh in March, 4 three-inch tread Wagon for two or three horses, narrow-tread Wagon, Spring Buggy Wagon Bed, 1 set of hay carriages, 1 set of wood ladders, 1 pair wire-cloth hay rake, (Brant's patent,) Winnowing Mill, Reynolds' patent, sleigh and bells, 2 bar-shear plows, 1 a two or three horse plow, double shovel plow, single shovel plows, corn fork, harrow, 2 double shovel harrow stretchers, single trees, wheelbarrow, horse chains, 2 sets of front bands, 1 set of fore bands, 1 set of housings, wagon saddle, 2 sets of harness, collars, bridles, Plow Lines, Chain Lines, check and plow lines, wagon whip, halters, 2 sets of breechbuggy spread, forks, rakes, crowbars, mattocks, shears, grindstone, bush and log chains, cross-cut dung hook, hay knife, grain cradle, brace and bits, 2 sets of breechbands, wood and hand saws, a lot of augers, a lot of bags. Also, household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of bedsteads, bedding, tables, chairs, table, stands, chests, stands, carpeting, 2 ten-plate stoves, cook stove and fixtures, tinware, crockery-ware, large copper and iron kettles, small copper kettle, pots, pans, tubs, churn, buckets, meat vessels, sausage stuffer and lard press, sausage mill, 2 sets of bean by the pound, a lot of cider vinegar, a lot of apple butter, 100 pounds of lard, 100 pounds of hams, shoulders, sides, tierces, meat vessels, sausage grinder and stuffer, 1 gun, 1 sled, 1 sink, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day when attendance will be given and terms made known by

C. B. POLLET.

Feb. 24, 1871.—ts

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons interested, that the following Administration Accounts hereafter mentioned will be presented to the Court of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 20th day of MARCH, 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M., viz:

80. The account of John Brinkerhoff, Administrator of the Estate of Hannah Brinkerhoff, deceased.

81. The first and final account of Elias Mayer, Administrator of the Estate of Daniel Bashore, late of Union township, Adams county, deceased.

82. The first and final account of Henry F. M. Sanner, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Peter Sanner, late of Mountpleasant township, deceased.

83. The Guardianship account of James H. Colehouse, Guardian of Emma Mehring, one of the minor children of John Mehring, deceased.

84. The first and final account of Peter Kauffman, Administrator of the Estate of John Myers, dec'd.

85. The first and final account of Jacob Bonner, Guardian of Joanna J. Welsh, minor child of Nathan Stomtaugh, deceased.

86. The first and final account of Eliza Hoover, Executrix of Joshua Hoover, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

87. The first and final account of Matthew Timmins, Administrator of James Timmins, dec'd.

88. The first and final account of Peter Kauffman, Executor of the late will and Testament of John Hartman, late of Latimore township, deceased.

89. The

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning, Feb. 24, 1871

THE KITCHEN GARDEN.—If you want early vegatables, such as lettuce, radishes, beets, cabbage, tomatoes, this is your time to prepare your hot-bed, and cold frames. Manure is essential. Well decomposed manure may be taken to the spot where it will be needed, and left in small heaps, while that for hot-beds should not be in so small heaps that it will be chilled through, but it should be kept in a state of fermentation. As soon as a heap shows signs of heating it should be turned over, and each turning will much improve its quality. Plants which are growing in

Cold Frames.—If the weather is very cold and the plants are frozen, it is not necessary to remove the snow from the frames, but a light fall of snow, followby mild weather, must be immediately removed. Give air abundantly, as it is the object to keep the plants as hardy as possible.

Hot-beds for raising seedings are to be started about six weeks before the time at which it will be safe to set out the plants. Sashes should be got ready; paint, if need, and re-place broken lights.

Straw mats are of great use in covering hot-beds and frames at night. There are several ways of making them; they should be a foot longer than the sash and of its width and a half wider, so that two mats may cover there sashes.

Covering of celery and roots in pits do now. At the time we write, the middle of December, it seems as if this might be delayed for some time.

Lettuce, where there is a demand for early plant, may be forced in a hot-bed. The bed should be excavated at least 2½ feet deep, and this be filled with fermenting mnaure and covered with soil.

COST OF FENCES.—Here is a statement which we suppose to be correct, although it will astonish most of our readers: The fences of the United States are estimated to have cost more than the houses, cities included, more than the ships, vessels and boats of every description which sail on the ocean, factories, with all their machinery, and more than any one class of property, real estate excepted. These are curious facts, but they are facts nevertheless. The fences of New York are put down at $144,000,000; those of Ohio at $115,000,000, and Pennsylvania at $100,000,000. Divided out at this rate the money invested in fences alone is more than equal to the national debt. As fences require to be renewed, on an average, once in ten years, the annual cost to the country is not far short of $200,000,000.

GOOD HAMS.—After hams have been smoked, take them down and thoroughly rub the flesh part with molasses, then immediately apply ground and powdered pepper, by sprinkling on as much as will stick to the molasses, when they must be hung up again to dry. Hams treated in this manner will keep perfectly sweet for two or three years. This must be done before the fly deposits her eggs, for after that is done nothing will stop their ravages. The above has been practiced in our section for more than twenty years. No soaking is necessary. One pint of molasses and one or two pounds of black pepper are sufficient for any ordinary family. Try this plan if you want good sweet hams. So says the *Rural New Yorker*.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.—A farmer in Ohio says: "I lost some fifteen or sixteen of my hens last spring by the cholera, and in all cases, their combs would become pale and they looked languid, and had a great propensity to drink water profusely. I thought I would try an experiment, as I knew the fowl would die anyhow, so I caught two of them and held their mouths open, and poured a teaspoonful of paregoric down each one's throat, and threw them into the garden, where they could get all they could eat, but no drink, and the the third day repeated it. Now they are all well, and have gone to laying."

NEW WAY OF COOKING POTATOES.—Wash and wipe the potatoes dry.—Place them in a flat-bottomed cast iron pot on the back part of the stove, covering the kettle with a close fitting iron or tin cover. The steam of the potato is sufficient moisture for them. They will cook in an hour and ten minutes, and are very nice and healthful.

CORN CROP OF 1870.—The corn crop of the United States for 1870 was 1,100,000,000 bushels, a gain over last year of more than five bushels to the acre. The hog crop is a little over 20,000,000 tons, 15 per cent. less than that of 1869.

SNOW BALLS.—To prevent balls of snow on horses' feet, let the hoof and fetlock be well cleaned, and then rub with soft soap previous to their going out in snowy weather.

MINUTE MACHINERY.—A correspondent writing from London says: "The most extraordinary machine in the exhibition is, beyond question, the one for microscope writing. This enables a person to write in the usual way, and to duplicate his writing a million times smaller, so small, indeed, that it is invisible to the naked eye, yet with a powerful microscope become so plain that every line and dot can be seen. The inventor claims that with this instrument he can copy the entire Bible twenty-two times in the space of an inch. The Astor Library, I presume could be transferred to a sheet of note paper. Practically it will be off great service in preventing forgeries. Without of these machines a private mark can be put on bills so minute and perfect that the forger can neither perceive or imitate it, but the bank clerk or broker, knowing where to look, can at once detect that a bill is genuine. The machine is the invention of a Mr. Peters."

A DAUGHTER was born to the wife of Mr. Fred. Hoxie, of Orneville, Maine, on January 28th. A Bangor paper says this is the fifth generation now living. This child has four grandparents, five great-grand-parents and one great-great-grandparent. Its great-great-grandmother (Mrs. Sarah Brown) lives in Palmyra, in this State, is 78 years old, hale and hearty. She has the privilege of saying, "Arise, daughter, and go to thy daughter, for thy daughter's daughter hath a daughter."

I FORGOT SOMETHING.—"I say, cap'n," said a little eyed man as he landed from the steamboat at Natchez—"I say, cap'n, this 'are ain't all," "That's all the baggage you brought on board, sir," replied the captain. "Well, see now it's accordin to list—four boxes, three chests, two bun' boxes, a portmanty, two hams, (one part cat), the ropes of inyons, and a teakettle; but I'm dubersum, I feel there's something short, though I've counted 'em three times, and never took my eyes, ov 'em while on board; there's something not right somehow." "Well, stranger, the time's up. There's all I know of; so bring up your wife and five children out of the cabin, and we're off." "Them's um! darn it—them's it!" he exclaimed. "I knowed I'd forgot something."

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

REMOVED.

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED

Next door to J. W. Cress' Store, on Chambersburg st., near the Square.

A large assortment of

Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Trimmings &c., &c.,

offered at the smallest profits.

Goods made up with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done as usual.

The public patronage solicited, and no effort spared to please.

April 22, 1870.—tf JOS. JACOBS.

Musical Instruments, &c.,

AT

CUNNINGHAM'S,

On Chambersburg Street.

DID YOU SEE

THOSE nice CHESTERFIELD AND WALKING COATS, that are selling so cheap at PICKING & CO.

THE PLACE TO BUY CHEAP.

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes.

LATEST STYLES.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

If you want to save money, call on

Cobean & Cunningham,

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

WHO have made large additions to their stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, and now offer the best assortment ever opened in Gettysburg—comprising the latest styles and made by the best of workmen. Call and examine our stock. Also, a variety of

NOTIONS, SEGARS, &c.

Jan. 13, 1871.—tf

ANY AMOUNT

OF DRESS and BUSINESS SACK COATS for sale cheap at PICKING & CO.

Fall and Winter Clothing

in great variety at

FRANK CUNNINGHAM'S

Chambersburg Street.

Bargains! Bargains!

D. H. KLINGEL,

Near the Court-House, Baltimore Street,

Is selling out his entire stock of city made

Boots and Shoes,

in order to make room for his own manufactured goods.

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

The stock is the very best of city made work, and I will guarantee it as represented. It embraces the best MENS' CALF and KIP BOOTS in town, and a full line of SHOES, GAITERS, &c., for Ladies' and Childrens' wear.

THE MANUFACTURING

of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining the former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, Dec. 23, 1870.—tf

ALL STYLES OF

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, BEAVERS, &c.,

at

FRANK CUNNINGHAM'S

Chambersburg St.

LAP BLANKETS, HORSE BLANKETS and BUFFALO ROBES cheap at PICKING & CO.

WOLF'S

Cheap Clothing Store,

On the Northeast Corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.,

Has the largest and best stock of

FALL & WINTER

CLOTHING,

ever offered in this place. Also, the very latest and best styles of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

with a variety of **Winter Under-Clothing** and **Gents' Furnishing Goods generally.**

Also, a fine assortment of **Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Notions, &c.**

The best manufactured Leather Trunks and Valises, Carpet Bags and Umbrellas always on hand.

Hosiery and Gloves, a large assortment. Children's Fancy Shoes of all kinds, a specialty—a thing that is usually kept in a first-class Gent's Furnishing Store.

All will be sold as low as the lowest, our motto being, "Quick sales and small profits." Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.

Nov. 18, 1870.—tf S. WOLF.

Any person who wants a

Fine Fitting Suit

GO TO CUNNINGHAM'S

On Chambersburg Street.

PICKING & CO.,

CANNOT be excelled for cheapness, style and durability in the way of PANTS.

NORRIS'

HEADQUARTERS!

On South-East Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has the Largest and Best Stock of

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

THE LATEST STYLES

HATS AND CAPS.

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WITH A VARIETY OF

Winter Under-clothing,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every variety; also a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 14, 1870.—tf

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS

in endless variety at

AT CUNNINGHAM'S

On Chambersburg Street.

Coal, Lumber, Time, &c.

COOK AND PARLOR

STOVES.

OF ALL KINDS.

The latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND

HOLLOW WARE,

COAL & LUMBER

OF ALL KINDS.

Call and Examine!

C. H. BUEHLER'S

WARE ROOMS,

CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAILROAD

STREETS.

DANIEL CASHMAN. HENRY OVERDEER.

NEW FIRM.

COAL AND LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of CASHMAN & OVERDEER, and will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of Railroad and Stratton streets.—Farmers and others can rely on getting the best of Lime at all times, and at lowest market rates.

COAL,

at lowest prices.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

DANIEL CASHMAN,
HENRY OVERDEER.

Oct. 28, 1870.—tf

Railroad Time Tables.

Gettysburg Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

TRAINS now run on the Gettysburg Railroad as follows:

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8.10 A. M., Granite 8.22, Gulden's 8.25, New Oxford 8.38, arrive at Hanover at 9, and leave at 9.10, arrive at Hanover Junction at 10 A. M., arrive at Baltimore at 12.30 P. M., York 11.45 A. M., Harrisburg 1.10 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 1 P. M., Granite 1.12, Gulden's 1.15, New Oxford 1.30, Hanover 1.55, arrives at Hanover Junction at 2.40, Baltimore 6.15, York 3.10, Harrisburg 4.25.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 10.40 P. M., Harrisburg 5.35 A. M., York 6.50, Hanover Junction 7.20, Hanover 9, New Oxford 9.40, arrive at Gettysburg at 10.30.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 8.30 A. M., Hagerstown 12 A. M., York 9.30, Hanover Junction 11.15, Hanover 11.55, New Oxford 12.08, Gulden's 12.20, Granite 12.23, arrives at Gettysburg 12.40 P. M.

THIRD TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 12.40 P. M., Hanover 4.27 P. M. York 3, Hanover Junction 3.40 Hanover 4.25, New Oxford 4.40, Gulden's 4.53, Granite 4.56, arrives at Gettysburg at 5.10.

H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.

Dec. 9, 1870.—tf

Northern Central Railway.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

ON and after Dec. 5th, 1870, Trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD.

12.19 a. m.—Daily for Elmira, Buffalo, &c.

11.10 a. m.—Daily for Williamsport, daily (except Sundays) for Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Erie and the West.

2.44 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Erie.

6.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for York.

10.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Harrisburg and the West.

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

7.15 a. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

10.04 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

10.04 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at Parkton.

12.25 p. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

3.36 p. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at Parkton.

4.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at all Stations.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m. (the 8.00 p. m. Train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 6.00 a. m., Harrisburg at 8.10 a. m., and 4.05 p. m.; leave Allentown at 8.45 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.55 a. m., and 10.05 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 3.00 a. m. for New York, and at 4.05 a. m. and 5.15 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 2, 1870.

WEDDING CARDS, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Tickets, Tags, &c., &c., printed with neatness, cheapness and dispatch.

Financial.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

Government Bonds of all kinds,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Highest Premium paid on Gold and Silver.

Coupons Cashed or Collected!

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed

Persons possseseing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced*

1 *per cent. viz:*

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,

4 PER CENT. for 6 months,

3 PER CENT. for 6 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call, and we will cheerfully give any information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869—tf

We offer for Sale, at Par,

THE NEW

Masonic Temple Loan,

BEARING 7 3-10 INTEREST,

Redeemable after five (5) and within twenty-one (21) years.

INTEREST PAYABLE

MARCH & SEPTEMBER.

The Bonds are registered, and will be issued in sums to suit.

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

No. 40 South 3rd Street.

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Stocks bought and sold on commission. Gold and Governments bought and sold. Accounts received and interest allowed, subject to Sight Drafts.

March 24, 1870.—1y

Sewing Machines.

THE ORIGINAL

Howe Sewing Machine

IMPROVED.

Its Simplicity.—Durability. Ease of Operation,

Perfection in mechanical construction, lightness and Beauty in Style and finish, and adapted to a large range of work, renders it THE BEST

Sewing Machine in the Market.

An earnest invitation is extended to those about to purchase a Sewing Machine to call and examine this Machine and be convinced of its merit

All orders promptly attended to. Machine delivered to all parts of the County.

H. H. ROWE, *Agent,*
Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent,*

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

At his residence on York Street.

ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machine on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a recognition having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr. on it, &c. [Feb. 26, 1870.—tf

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. P. M'CARTNEY wishes to inform his customers and the public generally, that having purchased the interest of his partner, (I. V. B. Boger,) in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no effort to give satisfaction to all.

He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD and SILVER AMERICAN and SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER TEA and TABLE SPOONS, FORKS, GOLD, SILVER and STEEL FRAME SPECTACLES; also, CLOCKS of the best Manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS, SCREWS and MOUNTINGS.

Watch and Clock work warranted for one year. Jewelry repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner. [Sept. 10, 1869—tf

CLOCKS, WATCHES

AND

JEWELRY.

A. R. FEISTEL

Has removed his shop to York street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand an assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER-PLATED WARE.

Old Silver taken in exchange. All kinds of REPAIRING done, and charges moderate. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Nov. 28, 1870.—tf

LADIES, MISSES, and CHILDREN'S SHOES are selling at cost to close out,

at PICKING & CO.

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FIRM

BIGHAM & BROTHER.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of BIGHAM & BROTHER, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every *TUESDAY NOON*, for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 105 North Howard street, Baltimore, and to Burk's Warehouse, 812 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

Groceries of all kinds,

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned is paying at his Warehouse, in Gricsie street adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy-Seeds, Potatoes, &c.

and invites producers to give him a call before selling. He has constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with Feed of all kinds. He likewise has

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and Mexican Guano.

Whilst he pays the highest market prices for all he buys, he sells at the lowest living profits. He asks a share of public patronage, refused to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT M'CURDY.

July 23, 1866.—tf

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware-house at the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa. and will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c.; also, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

He always able to supply a first-rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

Line of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

April 2, 1868.—tf JOHN CRESS.

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. E. WIBLE.

Joseph Wible & Son,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

South-east cor. of Railroad and Washington sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain, Hay, Straw and Country Produce generally. Constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.

April 22, 1870.—tf

Farming Implements, &c.

DODGE'S PATENT

REAPER AND MOWER

AND SELF RAKER.

THIS machine has met with the most complete success. In every section where it has been introduced, it has taken precedence over those machines which have heretofore ranked as first class. It is a perfect Self-Raker and a superior Mower.

A careful examination will convince any one of its superior merits over all others, in simplicity, strength and durability. As a Self-Raking Reaper it has no equal to *our knowledge*.

The Dodge rake is attached to no other machine in the United States, except to this machine. Built by the DODGE & STEVENSON Manufacturing Co., Auburn, New York.

READ THE NOTICE OF THE COMPANY TO OUR AGENTS:

Having been informed that certain manufacturers in this and elsewhere are building Reapers, with DODGE'S SELF-RAKE attached, we say not to furnish us the names of all persons vending or purchasing such machines, as we have never licensed any person or persons to manufacture said SELF-RAKE, or any part thereof, and will prosecute to the full extent of the law all persons manufacturing, selling or using said Self-rake except of our own manufacture.

JOHN A. DODGE, President.

We have that confidence in this machine that we are willing to let those wanting a machine test it with any other machine they may wish, and keep the one that gives the most satisfaction.

Farmers wanting Droppers attached can be accommodated.

For the benefit of those wanting machines we should refer them to a few of those to whom we have sold, viz:

Henry Culp	Peter Mackley,
John B. Lesa,	Wm. Furney,
Jesse D. Newman,	Elisha Penrose,
George F. Minter,	John Deardorff,
Abraham Waybright,	Epharim Lady,
David Plank,	Jonathan Wiser,
John Hockersmith,	James Mickley,
Peter Ketchman,	Daniel Settle,
Henry Shriver,	John Bender,
Christian Shriver,	John Ecker,
Jesse Hunter,	Henry King,
John Lowrey,	Andrew Weikert,
John N. Moyer,	J. J. Kerr,
George Phillips.	

On Hand a few Second Hand Reapers.

Also, WIRE-TOOTH HAY RAKES, of different make, amongst which is the Brandt Rake. A few of the 1869 of different kinds. Thresher and Separator one of the best and cheapest ever s fle of in the county. HARRISBURG FANNI M MILL, and Farm Implements generally.

Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the residence of JOSEPH MYERS & SON, Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road.

EXTRAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND in case of breakage. Persons wanting Circulars will address the subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.

May 27, 1870.—tf

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated, March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.

Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.

Secretary—D. A. Buehler.

Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.

Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (Y. S.)

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $20,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

une 10, 1868—tf

Medical.

A Great Medical Discovery

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS.

Hundreds of thousands bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and a LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all the poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Intermittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

BILIOUS, REMITTENT and INTERMITTENT FEVER, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great Rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others with their vast tributaries, during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during the seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. There are always more or less obstructions of the liver, a weakness and irritable state of the stomach, and great torpor of the bowels, being clogged up with vitiated accumulations. In the treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S Vinegar Bitters, as they will speedily remove the dark colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs. The universal popularity of this valuable remedy in regions subject to miasmatic influences, is sufficient evidence of its power as a remedy in such cases.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. MCDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Dec. 9, 1870.—lyte

DR. SCHENCK

ADVISES CONSUMPTIVES TO GO TO FLORIDA IN WINTER.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold. Of all the places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida. Well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more North. ern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. I was there myself last winter. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicine, were getting well.

Those who go further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Melbourne and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Melbourne. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible for cold to reach there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in the northern parts of Florida are not safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than here, there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of northern blasts and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, bronchial tubes, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For the benefit of those living in Florida professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every winter, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of Affections of the Lungs, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one-third at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still the area many thousands of cases every year. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were constantly warned in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days—they pay little attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another victim. Another set of lungs are diseased as fond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I also recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their effects. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough, bronchitis, and consumption, and is too impatient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a worse case on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a few doses of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to set up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and digestion, the patient feels strong on good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by the healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient soon finds himself well, provided he avoids taking cold.

There are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question certainly there is. My advice to persons in such circumstances is, to keep their feet warm, and keep the room that they occupy at a temperature of 70 degrees, by the use of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to get up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record, that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its horrid effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have pardachi, too freely of fruit and diarrhœa sets in, a few of Schenck's Mandrakes will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache, or any other form of biliousness, they will relieve you in two hours. If you would prevent fever and ague, a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take a few of these Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may bid defiance to the horrid effects of unripe pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is used to excite a healthy action of the liver, and thereby relieve the stomach of the horrid effects of calomel. Hence it is the best physic in the world for the Dyspeptic. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. Any person can take them.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and to Philadelphia, and confine my practice at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M., to 3 P. M.—those who can afford it through examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer determines the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the success of my practice depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition, they are not liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can pass a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can understand them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.

June 10, 1870.—tf

Iron in the Blood.

NATURE'S OWN VITALIZER.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP,

An Iron Tonic, without Alcohol,

Assimilates with the blood as easily as the simplest food, vitalizing and invigorating the whole system. It stimulates without reaction, builds up the broken down, cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Weakness, Dropsy, Rumors, &c., and expels disease from the system by increasing Nature's own vitalizing element—IRON!

Pamphlets free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey street, New York. Sold by druggists generally.

April 1, 1870.—lyneola

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S! TAKE NO OTHER.

July 30 1870.—1y

Medical.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

COMPOUND FLUID

EXTRACT CATAWBA

GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Bilious affections, Sick or Nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

H

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of *the finest ingredients.* After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

E

Henry T. Hembold's

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head,